

## Datasheet: MCA756F

<b>Description:</b>	MOUSE ANTI HUMAN CD64:FITC
<b>Specificity:</b>	CD64
<b>Other names:</b>	FcRI
<b>Format:</b>	FITC
<b>Product Type:</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Clone:</b>	10.1
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG1
<b>Quantity:</b>	0.1 mg

## Product Details

### Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit [www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols](http://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols).

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	▪			Neat - 1/10
Immunofluorescence	▪			

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

<b>Target Species</b>	Human		
<b>Species Cross Reactivity</b>	Reacts with: Baboon, Cynomolgus monkey, Rhesus Monkey <b>N.B.</b> Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.		
<b>Product Form</b>	Purified IgG conjugated to Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1 (FITC) - liquid		
<b>Max Ex/Em</b>	<b>Fluorophore</b>	<b>Excitation Max (nm)</b>	<b>Emission Max (nm)</b>
	FITC	490	525
<b>Preparation</b>	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein A from tissue culture supernatant		

<b>Buffer Solution</b>	Phosphate buffered saline
<b>Preservative Stabilisers</b>	0.09% Sodium Azide 1% Bovine Serum Albumin
<b>Approx. Protein Concentrations</b>	IgG concentration 0.1 mg/ml
<b>Immunogen</b>	Human monocytes
<b>External Database Links</b>	<p><b>UniProt:</b>  <a href="#">P12314</a>    <a href="#">Related reagents</a></p> <p><b>Entrez Gene:</b>  <a href="#">2209</a> FCGR1A    <a href="#">Related reagents</a></p>
<b>Synonyms</b>	FCG1, FCGR1, IGFR1
<b>RRID</b>	AB_321799
<b>Fusion Partners</b>	Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the mouse SP2/0-Ag14 myeloma cell line
<b>Specificity</b>	<p><b>Mouse anti Human CD64 antibody, clone 10.1</b> recognizes the human CD64 cell surface antigen, a ~75 kDa glycoprotein expressed by monocytes. The antigen acts as a high affinity receptor for human IgG, and is also known as FcRI.</p> <p>Mouse anti Human CD64 antibody, clone 10.1 blocks binding of immunoglobulin to FcRI.</p>
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in 100ul.
<b>References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scheinecker, C. <i>et al.</i> (1998) Initiation of the autologous mixed lymphocyte reaction requires the expression of costimulatory molecules B7-1 and B7-2 on human peripheral blood dendritic cells. <a href="#">J Immunol. 161: 3966-73.</a></li> <li>Fadlon, E. <i>et al.</i> (1998) Blood polymorphonuclear leukocytes from the majority of sickle cell patients in the crisis phase of the disease show enhanced adhesion to vascular endothelium and increased expression of CD64. <a href="#">Blood. 91: 266-74.</a></li> <li>Navarro-López, F. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Late T-lymphocyte and monocyte activation in coronary restenosis. Evidence for a persistent inflammatory/immune mechanism? <a href="#">Rev Esp Cardiol. 56: 465-72.</a></li> <li>Beekman, J.M. <i>et al.</i> (2004) Direct interaction between FcγRI (CD64) and periplakin controls receptor endocytosis and ligand binding capacity. <a href="#">Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 101: 10392-7.</a></li> <li>Kahn, F. <i>et al.</i> (2008) Antibodies against a surface protein of <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> promote a pathological inflammatory response. <a href="#">PLoS Pathog. 4 (9): e1000149.</a></li> <li>Wagner, C. <i>et al.</i> (2008) T lymphocytes in acute bacterial infection: increased</li> </ol>

prevalence of CD11b(+) cells in the peripheral blood and recruitment to the infected site.

[Immunology. 125: 503-9.](#)

7. Eisenhardt, S.U. *et al.* (2009) Dissociation of pentameric to monomeric C-reactive protein on activated platelets localizes inflammation to atherosclerotic plaques. [Circ Res. 105: 128-37.](#)

8. Tanaka, M. *et al.* (2009) Activation of Fc gamma RI on monocytes triggers differentiation into immature dendritic cells that induce autoreactive T cell responses. [J Immunol. 183: 2349-55.](#)

9. Liu M *et al.* (2011) Vitellogenin mediates phagocytosis through interaction with FcγR. [Mol Immunol. 49 \(1-2\): 211-8.](#)

10. Fet, N.G. *et al.* (2012) Reduction of activated macrophages after ischaemia-reperfusion injury diminishes oxidative stress and ameliorates renal damage. [Nephrol Dial Transplant. 27 \(8\): 3149-55.](#)

11. Kapelski S *et al.* (2014) Assessment of the neutrophilic antibody-dependent respiratory burst (ADRB) response to *Plasmodium falciparum*. [J Leukoc Biol. 96 \(6\): 1131-42.](#)

12. Hristodorov, D. *et al.* (2016) Fully human MAP-fusion protein selectively targets and eliminates proliferating CD64(+) M1 macrophages. [Immunol Cell Biol. 94 \(5\): 470-8.](#)

13. Loi, A.L.T. *et al.* (2017) Proteomic profiling of peripheral blood neutrophils identifies two inflammatory phenotypes in stable COPD patients. [Respir Res. 18 \(1\): 100.](#)

14. Rahabi, M. *et al.* (2020) Divergent Roles for Macrophage C-type Lectin Receptors, Dectin-1 and Mannose Receptors, in the Intestinal Inflammatory Response. [Cell Rep. 30 \(13\): 4386-98.e5.](#)

15. Tonecka, K. *et al.* (2021) The CD200 Regulates Inflammation in Mice Independently of TNF-α Production. [Int J Mol Sci. 22 \(10\): 5358.](#)

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**Storage**

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

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**Guarantee**

12 months from date of despatch

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**Health And Safety Information**

Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: <https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA756F>  
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**Regulatory**

For research purposes only

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## Related Products

### Recommended Negative Controls

[MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL:FITC \(MCA928F\)](#)

### Recommended Useful Reagents

[HUMAN SEROBLOCK \(BUF070A\)](#)

[HUMAN SEROBLOCK \(BUF070B\)](#)

**North & South** Tel: +1 800 265 7376

**Worldwide** Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700

**Europe** Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

**America** Fax: +1 919 878 3751

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batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: [bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets](https://bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets)

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