

Datasheet: MCA74P750T

Description:	RAT ANTI MOUSE CD11b:RPE-Alexa Fluor® 750
Specificity:	CD11b
Other names:	INTEGRIN ALPHA M CHAIN, MAC-1
Format:	RPE-ALEXA FLUOR® 750
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	M1/70.15
lsotype:	lgG2b
Quantity:	25 TESTS/0.25ml

Product Details

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol							
	recommendations, ple				Suggested Dilution			
	Flow Cytometry	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution Neat - 1/5			
		Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily						
	exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is							
		•		•	• •			
	recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appr negative/positive controls.							
Target Species	Mouse							
Species Cross	Reacts with: Human,	Rabbit						
Reactivity	N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species.							
Product Form	Purified IgG conjugated to R. Phycoerythrin (RPE) - Alexa Fluor® 750 - liquid							
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max (r	nm) Emis	ssion Max (nm)				
	RPE-Alexa Fluor®750 488nm laser	496		779				
	RPE-Alexa Fluor®750 561nm laser	546		779				
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant							
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline							
Preservative	0.09% Sodium Azide							
Stabilisers	1% Bovine Serum Albumin							
	5% Sucrose							
Immunogen	T cell enriched splenc	ocytes from B10 n	nice.					

External Database Links	UniProt: <u>P05555</u> <u>Related reagents</u> Entrez Gene: <u>16409</u> Itgam <u>Related reagents</u>			
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised DA rats were fused with cells of the NS1/1.Ag4.1 mouse myeloma cell line.			
Specificity	Rat anti Mouse CD11b antibody, clone M1/70.15 recognizes the murine CD11b cell surface antigen also known as the alpha M integrin chain or MAC-1, a differentiation antigen expresse granulocytes, monocytes, NK cells and tissue macrophages.			
	The expression of CD11b increases during monocyte maturation and expression levels vary on tissue macrophages. Peritoneal macrophages are reported to express higher levels of CD11b than splenic macrophages.			
	Rat anti Mouse CD11b antibody, clone M1/70.15 has been reported to block iC3b binding to its receptor (<u>Beller <i>et al.</i> 1982</u>).			
	Rat anti Mouse CD11b antibody, clone M1/70.15 has been reported to as being suitable for use on PLP fixed paraffin embedded tissue but has not been tested for use on formalin fixed tissue (<u>Whiteland <i>et al.</i> 1995</u>).			
	This product is routinely tested in flow cytometry on mouse peritoneal macrophages.			
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100ul.			
	The Fc region of monoclonal antibodies may bind non-specifically via the Fc region to cells expressing low affinity Fc receptors. Non-specific FcR binding may be reduced by using <u>SeroBlock</u> <u>FcR</u> reagent.			
References	 Beller, D.I. <i>et al.</i> (1982) Anti-Mac-1 selectively inhibits the mouse and human type three complement receptor. J Exp Med. 156 (4): 1000-9. Fernández-Suárez, D. (2014) The monoacylglycerol lipase inhibitor JZL184 is neuroprotective and alters glial cell phenotype in the chronic MPTP mouse model <u>Neurobiol Aging</u>. 35: 2603-16. Welt, F.G. <i>et al.</i> (2000) Neutrophil, not macrophage, infiltration precedes neointimal thickening in balloon-injured arteries. <u>Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol. 20 (12): 2553-8.</u> Terrando, N. <i>et al.</i> (2010) The impact of IL-1 modulation on the development of lipopolysaccharide-induced cognitive dysfunction. <u>Crit Care. 14 (3): R88.</u> Redensek, A. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Expression and detrimental role of hematopoietic prostaglandin D synthase in spinal cord contusion injury. <u>Glia. 59: 603-14.</u> Brochard, V. <i>et al</i> (2009) Infiltration of CD4+ lymphocytes into the brain contributes to neurodegeneration in a mouse model of Parkinson disease. J Clin Invest. <u>119: 182-92.</u> Chinnery, H.R. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Novel characterization of monocyte-derived cell populations in the meninges and choroid plexus and their rates of replenishment in bone marrow chimeric mice. J <u>Neuropathol Exp Neurol. 69: 896-909.</u> Ferger, A.I. <i>et al</i> (2010) Effects of mitochondrial dysfunction on the immunological properties of microglia. J Neuroinflammation. 7: 45. Gales, A. <i>et al</i> (2010) PPARgamma controls dectin-1 expression required for host antifungal defense against Candida albicans. <u>PLoS Pathog. 6 : e1000714.</u> Geier, H. and Celli, J. (2011) Phagocytic Receptors Dictate Phagosomal Escape and 			

Intracellular Proliferation of Francisella tularensis. Infect Immun. 79: 2204-14.

11. Ghasemlou, N. *et al.* (2010) Mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein kinase 2 (MK2) contributes to secondary damage after spinal cord injury. <u>J Neurosci. 30: 13750-9.</u>

12. Huang, Q.Q. *et al* (2008) Role of H2-calponin in regulating macrophage motility and phagocytosis. J Biol Chem. 283: 25887-99.

13. Hudcovic, T. *et al* (2009) Monocolonization with Bacteroides ovatus protects immunodeficient SCID mice from mortality in chronic intestinal inflammation caused by long-lasting dextran sodium sulfate treatment. <u>Physiol Res. 58: 101-10.</u>

14. Kanu, N. *et al.* (2010) The ATM cofactor ATMIN protects against oxidative stress and accumulation of DNA damage in the aging brain. <u>J Biol Chem. 285: 38534-42.</u>

15. Kapturczak, M.H. *et al* (2004) Heme oxygenase-1 modulates early inflammatory responses: evidence from the heme oxygenase-1-deficient mouse. <u>Am J Pathol. 165: 1045-53.</u>

16. Kroner, A. *et al* (2010) Ectopic T-cell specificity and absence of perforin and granzyme B alleviate neural damage in oligodendrocyte mutant mice. <u>Am J Pathol. 176: 549-55.</u>

17. L'Episcopo, F. *et al.* (2010) Combining nitric oxide release with anti-inflammatory activity preserves nigrostriatal dopaminergic innervation and prevents motor impairment in a 1-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine model of Parkinson's disease. <u>J Neuroinflammation. 7: 83.</u>
18. Samanta, J. *et al.* (2010) Noggin protects against ischemic brain injury in rodents. <u>Stroke. 41:</u> 357-62.

19. Yang, X. *et al* (2010) The role of the JAK2-STAT3 pathway in pro-inflammatory responses of EMF-stimulated N9 microglial cells. J Neuroinflammation. 7: 54.

20. Kondo, Y. *et al.* (2011) Macrophages counteract demyelination in a mouse model of globoid cell leukodystrophy. <u>J Neurosci. 31: 3610-24</u>.

21. Macrez, R. *et al.* (2016) Neuroendothelial NMDA receptors as therapeutic targets in experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. <u>Brain. Jul 19. pii: aww172. [Epub ahead of print]</u>
22. Amantea, D. *et al.* (2016) Neuroprotective Properties of a Macrolide Antibiotic in a Mouse Model of Middle Cerebral Artery Occlusion: Characterization of the Immunomodulatory Effects and Validation of the Efficacy of Intravenous Administration. <u>Assay Drug Dev Technol. Jul 8. [Epub ahead of print]</u>

23. Werneburg, S. *et al.* (2016) Polysialylation and lipopolysaccharide-induced shedding of E-selectin ligand-1 and neuropilin-2 by microglia and THP-1 macrophages. <u>Glia. 64 (8): 1314-30.</u>
24. Certo, M. *et al.* (2015) Activation of RXR/PPARγ underlies neuroprotection by bexarotene in ischemic stroke. <u>Pharmacol Res. 102: 298-307.</u>

25. Chen, Z.Z. *et al.* (2016) Memantine mediates neuroprotection via regulating neurovascular unit in a mouse model of focal cerebral ischemia. <u>Life Sci. 150: 8-14.</u>

26. Rich, M.C. *et al.* (2016) Site-targeted complement inhibition by a complement receptor 2-conjugated inhibitor (mTT30) ameliorates post-injury neuropathology in mouse brains. <u>Neurosci</u> <u>Lett. 617: 188-94.</u>

27. McCarthy, R.C. *et al.* (2016) Characterization of a novel adult murine immortalized microglial cell line and its activation by amyloid-beta. <u>J Neuroinflammation. 13: 21.</u>

28. Jones, R.S. *et al.* (2015) Inhibition of JAK2 attenuates the increase in inflammatory markers in microglia from APP/PS1 mice. <u>Neurobiol Aging. 36 (10): 2716-24.</u>

29. Amantea, D. *et al.* (2016) Azithromycin protects mice against ischemic stroke injury by promoting macrophage transition towards M2 phenotype. <u>Exp Neurol. 275 Pt 1: 116-25.</u>

30. Bains, M. & Roberts, J.L. (2016) Estrogen protects against dopamine neuron toxicity in primary mesencephalic cultures through an indirect P13K/Akt mediated astrocyte pathway. <u>Neurosci Lett.</u> 610: 79-85.

31. Ji, J. *et al.* (2015) Iptakalim protects against ischemic injury by improving neurovascular unit function in the mouse brain. <u>Clin Exp Pharmacol Physiol. 42 (7): 766-71.</u>

32. Kim, B.W. *et al.* (2015) α-Asarone attenuates microglia-mediated neuroinflammation by inhibiting NF kappa B activation and mitigates MPTP-induced behavioral deficits in a mouse model of Parkinson's disease. <u>Neuropharmacology</u>. 97: 46-57.

33. Nishikawa, K. et al. (2015) Resveratrol increases CD68+ Kupffer cells colocalized with adipose

	differentiation-related protein and ameliorates high-fat-diet-induced fatty liver in mice. Mol Nutr Food
	Res. 59 (6): 1155-70.
	34. Jiang, H. <i>et al.</i> (2017) Dense Intra-adipose Sympathetic Arborizations Are Essential for Cold-Induced Beiging of Mouse White Adipose Tissue. <u>Cell Metab. 26 (4): 686-692.e3.</u>
	35. Zhang, J.C. <i>et al.</i> (2017) Prophylactic effects of sulforaphane on depression-like behavior and
	dendritic changes in mice after inflammation. <u>J Nutr Biochem. 39: 134-44.</u>
	36. Petković, F. <i>et al.</i> (2017) Reduced cuprizone-induced cerebellar demyelination in mice with
	astrocyte-targeted production of IL-6 is associated with chronically activated, but less responsive
	microglia. J Neuroimmunol. 310: 97-102.
	37. Olesen, M. N. <i>et al.</i> (2018) CD4 T cells react to local increase of α -synuclein in a pathology-
	associated variant-dependent manner and modify brain microglia in absence of brain pathology
	Heliyon, 4 (1): e00513.
	38. Shin, D. <i>et al.</i> (2018) Bee Venom Phospholipase A2 Alleviate House Dust Mite-Induced Atopic
	Dermatitis-Like Skin Lesions by the CD206 Mannose Receptor. <u>Toxins (Basel). 10 (4)Apr 02 [Epub</u> ahead of print].
Storage	Store at +4°C.
	DO NOT FREEZE.
	This product should be stored undiluted. This product is photosensitive and should be protected
	from light. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.
Shelf Life	12 months from date of despatch.
Acknowledgements	This product is provided under an intellectual property license from Life Technologies Corporation. The transfer of this product is contingent on the buyer using the purchased product solely in research conducted by the buyer, excluding contract research or any fee for service research, and the buyer must not sell or otherwise transfer this product or its components for (a) diagnostic, therapeutic or prophylactic purposes; (b) testing, analysis or screening services, or information in return for compensation on a per-test basis; (c) manufacturing or quality assurance or quality
	control, or (d) resale, whether or not resold for use in research. For information on purchasing a
	license to this product for purposes other than as described above, contact Life Technologies
	Corporation, 5791 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008 USA or outlicensing@thermofisher.com
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10075 available at: 10075: <u>https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10075.pdf</u>
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Negative Controls

RAT IgG2b NEGATIVE CONTROL:RPE-Alexa Fluor® 750 (MCA6006P750)

Recommended Useful Reagents

MOUSE SEROBLOCK FcR (BUF041A) MOUSE SEROBLOCK FcR (BUF041B)

North & South	Tel: +1 800 265 7376	Worldwide
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751	
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.	.com

Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 **Europe** Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com 'M325073:180727'

Printed on 06 Dec 2018

© 2018 Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc | Legal | Imprint