

## Datasheet: MCA749PE

**BATCH NUMBER 165479**

<b>Description:</b>	MOUSE ANTI GUINEA PIG CD4:RPE
<b>Specificity:</b>	CD4
<b>Format:</b>	RPE
<b>Product Type:</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Clone:</b>	CT7
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG1
<b>Quantity:</b>	100 TESTS

### Product Details

#### Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit [www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols](http://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols).

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	▪			

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

<b>Target Species</b>	Guinea Pig		
<b>Product Form</b>	Purified IgG conjugated to R. Phycoerythrin (RPE) - lyophilized		
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Reconstitute with 1.0ml distilled water		
<b>Max Ex/Em</b>	<b>Fluorophore</b>	<b>Excitation Max (nm)</b>	<b>Emission Max (nm)</b>
	RPE 488nm laser	496	578
<b>Preparation</b>	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant		
<b>Buffer Solution</b>	Phosphate buffered saline		
<b>Preservative Stabilisers</b>	0.09% Sodium Azide		
	1%	Bovine Serum Albumin	
	5%	Sucrose	

<b>Immunogen</b>	Guinea pig peritoneal T-cells.
<b>Fusion Partners</b>	Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the X63.Ag8.653 mouse myeloma cell line.
<b>Specificity</b>	<b>Mouse anti Guinea Pig CD4 antibody, clone CT7</b> recognizes the CD4 antigen present on T Helper/Inducer lymphocytes.
<b>Flow Cytometry</b>	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 <sup>6</sup> cells or 100ul whole Guinea Pig peripheral blood.
<b>References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Tan, B.T. <i>et al.</i> (1985) Production of monoclonal antibodies defining guinea pig T-cell surface markers and a strain 13 Ia-like antigen: the value of immunohistological screening. <a href="#">Hybridoma. 4 (2): 115-24.</a></li> <li>2. Liversidge, J. &amp; Forrester, J.V. (1988) Experimental autoimmune uveitis (EAU): immunophenotypic analysis of inflammatory cells in chorio retinal lesions. <a href="#">Curr Eye Res. 7 (12): 1231-41.</a></li> <li>3. Steerenberg, P.A. <i>et al.</i> (1991) Tumour rejection after adoptive transfer of line-10-immune spleen cells is mediated by two T cell subpopulations. <a href="#">Cancer Immunol Immunother. 34 (2): 103-10.</a></li> <li>4. Debout, C. <i>et al.</i> (1991) The Kurloff cell in estrogenized guinea pigs as a CT7+ 8BE6-CT6- MR-1- CT10- IgM- lymphocyte with natural killer activity. <a href="#">Nat Immun Cell Growth Regul. 10 (6): 327-35.</a></li> <li>5. Dascher, C.C. <i>et al.</i> (1999) Conservation of a CD1 multigene family in the guinea pig. <a href="#">J Immunol. 163: 5478-88.</a></li> <li>6. Hiromatsu, K. <i>et al.</i> (2002) Induction of CD1-restricted immune responses in guinea pigs by immunization with mycobacterial lipid antigens. <a href="#">J Immunol. 169: 330-9.</a></li> <li>7. Rousseau, C. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Sulfolipid Deficiency Does Not Affect the Virulence of <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> H37Rv in Mice and Guinea Pigs <a href="#">Infect Immun. 71: 4684-90.</a></li> <li>8. Jeevan, A. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Differential expression of gamma interferon mRNA induced by attenuated and virulent <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> in guinea pig cells after <i>Mycobacterium bovis</i> BCG vaccination. <a href="#">Infect Immun. 71: 354-64.</a></li> <li>9. Turner, O.C. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Immunopathogenesis of pulmonary granulomas in the guinea pig after infection with <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>. <a href="#">Infect Immun. 71: 864-71.</a></li> <li>10. Schleiss, M.R. <i>et al.</i> (2007) Preconceptual administration of an alphavirus replicon UL83 (pp65 homolog) vaccine induces humoral and cellular immunity and improves pregnancy outcome in the guinea pig model of congenital cytomegalovirus infection. <a href="#">J Infect Dis. 195: 789-98.</a></li> <li>11. Mishra, N.C. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Sulfur mustard induces immune sensitization in hairless guinea pigs. <a href="#">Int Immunopharmacol. 10: 193-9.</a></li> <li>12. Wang, Y. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Local host response to chlamydial urethral infection in male guinea pigs. <a href="#">Infect Immun. 78: 1670-81.</a></li> <li>13. Yang H <i>et al.</i> (2011) Three protein cocktails mediate delayed-type hypersensitivity responses indistinguishable from that elicited by purified protein derivative in the guinea pig model of <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> infection. <a href="#">Infect Immun. 79 (2): 716-23.</a></li> <li>14. Komori, T. <i>et al.</i> (2011) A Microbial Glycolipid Functions as a New Class of Target Antigen for Delayed-type Hypersensitivity. <a href="#">J Biol Chem. 286: 16800-6.</a></li> </ol>

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<b>Storage</b>	Store at +4°C. DO NOT FREEZE. This product should be stored undiluted. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.
<b>Guarantee</b>	12 months from date of despatch
<b>Health And Safety Information</b>	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #20487 available at: <a href="https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA749PE">https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA749PE</a>
<b>Regulatory</b>	For research purposes only

## Related Products

### Recommended Negative Controls

[MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL:RPE \(MCA928PE\)](#)

**Product inquiries:** [www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/technical-support](http://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/technical-support)

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: [bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets](http://bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets)

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