

# Datasheet: MCA709SBUV665 BATCH NUMBER 100006122

Description:	RAT ANTI HUMAN CD28:StarBright UltraViolet 665				
Specificity:	CD28				
Format:	StarBright UltraViolet 665				
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody				
Clone:	YTH913.12				
Isotype:	lgG2b				
Quantity:	100 TESTS/0.5ml				

## **Product Details**

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols</u> .						
			No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution		
	Flow Cytometry	-			Neat		
	Where this product has	Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not					
	necessarily exclude its a guide only. It is recor system using appropria	nmended that t	he use	er titrates the product	ng dilutions are given as for use in their own		
Target Species	Human						
Product Form	Purified IgG conjugate	d to StarBright	UltraV	iolet 665 - liquid			
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max	(nm)	Emission Max (nm)			
	StarBright UltraViolet 665	340		684			
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared I supernatant	by affinity chron	natogr	aphy on Protein G fro	m tissue culture		
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline						
Preservative	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN <sub>3</sub> )						
Stabilisers	1% Bovine Serum Albumin						
	0.1% Pluronic F68						
	0.1% PEG 3350						

0.05% Tween 20

Human peripheral blood T-cells			
UniProt:         P10747       Related reagents         Entrez Gene:         940       CD28       Related reagents			
Spleen cells from an immunised DA rat were fused with cells of the Y3/Ag 1.2.3 rat myeloma cell line			
<b>Rat anti Human CD28 antibody, clone YTH913.12</b> recognizes human CD28, a ~44 kDa single pass type 1 trans-membrane protein expressed as a homodimer on a major subset of human T-cells ( <u>Thompson <i>et al.</i> 1989</u> ), responsible for activation of these cells via interaction with the TCR. CD28 is involved in the tuning of the T-cell for activation via TCR, lowering the threshold for activation from around 8000 triggered TCRs to approximately 1500 ( <u>Viola <i>et al.</i>1996</u> ).			
CD28 along with CD152, also known as CTLA-4 acts as a co-receptor for the co-stimulatory molecules CD80 and CD86 ( <u>Azuma <i>et al.</i> 1993</u> ). CD28 offers a positive stimulatory role on ligation of CD80 and CD86 while CTLA-4 offers a negative feedback signal preventing CD28 mediated T-cell activation of CD86 ( <u>Krummel <i>et al.</i> 1995</u> ).			
Rat anti human CD28, clone YTH913.12 has been reported to recognize an epitope of CD28 expressed by NK cells, which is not recognized by other anti human CD28 clones such as 9.3 and CD28.2 ( <u>Galea-Lauri <i>et al</i> 1999.</u> ) Other reports however have failed to demonstrate CD28 staining on peripheral blood derived NK cells using clone YTH913.12 (Wilson <i>et al.</i> 1999).			
Use 5ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in 100ul. Best practices suggest a 5 minutes centrifugation at 6,000g prior to sample application.			
<ol> <li>Reiter, C. (1989) Cluster Report: CD28 in Leucocyte Typing IV: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. Edited by Knapp, W., Dorken, B., Gilks, W.R., Rieber, E.P., Schmidt, R.E., Stein, H. and von dem Borne, A.E.G.Kr. Oxford University Press. pp 352-3.</li> <li>McLeod, J.D. <i>et al.</i> (1998) Activation of human T cells with superantigen (staphylococcal enterotoxin B) and CD28 confers resistance to apoptosis via CD95. J Immunol. 160: 2072-9.</li> <li>Galea-Lauri, J. <i>et al.</i> (1999) Expression of a variant of CD28 on a subpopulation of human NK cells: implications for B7-mediated stimulation of NK cells. J Immunol. 163 (1): 62-70.</li> <li>Wilson, J.L. <i>et al.</i> (1999) NK cell triggering by the human costimulatory molecules CD80 and CD86. J Immunol. 163: 4207-12.</li> <li>Costa, C. <i>et al.</i> (2002) Human NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity triggered by CD86 and Gal</li> </ol>			

	<ol> <li>Ponchel, F. <i>et al.</i> (2002) Dysregulated lymphocyte proliferation and differentiation in patients with rheumatoid arthritis. <u>Blood. 100: 4550-6.</u></li> <li>Blanco, B. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Induction of human T lymphocyte cytotoxicity and inhibition of tumor growth by tumor-specific diabody-based molecules secreted from gene-modified bystander cells. <u>J Immunol. 171: 1070-7.</u></li> <li>Goodier, M.R. and Londei, M. (2004) CD28 is not directly involved in the response of human CD3- CD56+ natural killer cells to lipopolysaccharide: a role for T cells. <u>Immunology. 111: 384-90.</u></li> <li>Gabdoulkhakova, A. <i>et al.</i> (2007) High rate of mutation reporter gene inactivation during human T cell proliferation. <u>Immunogenetics. 59: 135-43.</u></li> <li>Kropf, P. <i>et al.</i> (2007) Arginase activity mediates reversible T cell hyporesponsiveness in human pregnancy. <u>Eur J Immunol. 37: 935-45.</u></li> <li>Pridgeon, C. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Regulation of IL-17 in chronic inflammation in the human lung. <u>Clin Sci (Lond). 120: 515-24.</u></li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Litjens, N.H. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Identification of Circulating Human Antigen-Reactive CD4+FOXP3+ Natural Regulatory T Cells. <u>J Immunol. 188: 1083-90.</u></li> <li>Svensson-Arvelund, J. <i>et al.</i> (2015) The human fetal placenta promotes tolerance against the semiallogeneic fetus by inducing regulatory T cells and homeostatic M2 macrophages. <u>J Immunol. 194 (4): 1534-44.</u></li> <li>Hasib, L. <i>et al.</i> (2016) Functional and homeostatic defects of regulatory T cells in patients with coronary artery disease. <u>J Intern Med. 279 (1): 63-77.</u></li> </ol>				
	<ul> <li>15. Siska, E.K. <i>et al.</i> (2017) Generation of an immortalized mesenchymal stem cell line producing a secreted biosensor protein for glucose monitoring. <u>PLoS One. 12 (9)</u>: <u>e0185498.</u></li> <li>16. Hellberg, S. <i>et al.</i> (2021) Progesterone Dampens Immune Responses in <i>In Vitro</i> Activated CD4<sup>+</sup> T Cells and Affects Genes Associated With Autoimmune Diseases That Improve During Pregnancy. <u>Front Immunol. 12: 672168.</u></li> </ul>				
Storage	Store at +4°C. DO NOT FREEZE. This product should be stored undiluted.				
Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch				
Acknowledgements	This product is covered by U.S. Patent No. 10,150,841 and related U.S. and foreign counterparts				
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #20471 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA709SBUV665 20471				
Regulatory	For research purposes only				

### **Related Products**

#### **Recommended Useful Reagents**

HUMAN SEROBLOCK (BUF070A) HUMAN SEROBLOCK (BUF070B)

North & Sout	th Tel: +1 800 265 7376	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21	
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751		Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739		Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50	То
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com		o-rad.com	Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com a		
hate	h/lot specific datasheet fo	r this product in	lease use our online sear	ch tool at: hio	rad-antibodies.com/datasheet	e

batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M393381:211221'

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