

Datasheet: MCA5788EL

Description:	RAT ANTI MOUSE TIM-1:Low Endotoxin
Specificity:	TIM-1
Other names:	T-CELL IMMUNOGLOBULIN MUCIN 1
Format:	Low Endotoxin
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	RMT1-10
lsotype:	lgG2a
Quantity:	0.5 mg

Product Details

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols</u> .				
		Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
	Flow Cytometry	-			1/25 - 1/200
	Immunohistology - Frozen				
	Immunohistology - Paraffin				
	ELISA	-			
	Immunoprecipitation			•	
	Western Blotting				
	Immunofluorescence	-			
	Functional Assays	-			
	Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate	se in such nended th	procedur at the use	es. Suggested worki r titrates the antibod	ing dilutions are given as
Target Species	Mouse				
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid				
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by supernatant	affinity ch	iromatogr	aphy on Protein G fro	om tissue culture
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered salin	۵			

Preservative None present Stabilisers

Carrier Free	Yes
Endotoxin Level	<0.01EU/ug
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml
Immunogen	Full-length mouse Tim-1-Ig, containing both the IgV and mucin domains of Tim-1.
External Database Links	UniProt: Q5QNS5 Related reagents Entrez Gene: 171283 Havcr1 Related reagents
Synonyms	Kim1, Tim1, Timd1
Fusion Partners	Lymph node cells from immunised SD rats were fused with cells of the P3U1 myeloma cell line.
Specificity	 Rat anti Mouse TIM-1 antibody, clone RMT1-10 recognizes mouse Tim-1 (T-cell immunoglobulin mucin 1), a cell surface glycoprotein and member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, which was first identified as the hepatitis A virus cellular receptor (HAVCR), and is highly expressed in the liver (isoform Tim-1a) and the kidneys (isoform Tim-1b). Tim-1 is highly expressed by activated CD4+ T cells, and acts as a positive/negative co-stimulatory molecule of T cell proliferation, cytokine production and tolerance abrogation, and is the receptor for Tim-4, expressed on APCs. Tim-1 expression is greater on Th2 than Th1 cells, and studies have shown that interaction between Tim-1 on Th2 cells and Tim-4 on dendritic cells (DCs), enhances Th2 cell function, and have implicated Tim-1 as a critical player in the development of atopic disease, and in particular airway hypersensitivity. Polymorphic forms of Tim-1 are associated with increased susceptibility to asthma, eczema and Rheumatoid arthritis.
	Rat anti Mouse TIM-1 antibody, clone RMT1-10 has been shown to promote Th2 responses, and inhibit antigen-specific T cell proliferation, in contrast to the agonistic function of many Tim-1 antibodies (Xiao <i>et al.</i> 2007). Rat anti Mouse TIM-1 antibody, clone RMT1-10 has been shown to reduce the severity of EAE (experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis) and delay disease onset, in mice studies (Xiao <i>et al.</i> 2007).
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100ul.
References	1. Xiao, S. et al. (2007) Differential engagement of Tim-1 during activation can positively

	or negatively costimulate T cell expansion and effector function. <u>J Exp Med. 204 (7):</u> 1691-702.
	2. Yuan, X. <i>et al.</i> (2009) Targeting Tim-1 to overcome resistance to transplantation
	tolerance mediated by CD8 T17 cells. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 106 (26): 10734-9.
	3. Ueno, T. <i>et al.</i> (2008) The emerging role of T cell Ig mucin 1 in alloimmune responses
	in an experimental mouse transplant model. <u>J Clin Invest. 118: 742-51.</u>
	4. Fukushima, A. et al. (2007) Antibodies to T-cell Ig and mucin domain-containing
	proteins (Tim)-1 and -3 suppress the induction and progression of murine allergic
	conjunctivitis. <u>Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 353: 211-6.</u>
	5. Rong, S. <i>et al.</i> (2011) The TIM-1:TIM-4 pathway enhances renal ischemia-reperfusion
	injury. <u>J Am Soc Nephrol. 22: 484-95.</u>
	6. Arai, S. <i>et al.</i> (2016) Apoptosis inhibitor of macrophage protein enhances intraluminal
	debris clearance and ameliorates acute kidney injury in mice. Nat Med. 22 (2): 183-93.
Further Reading	1. Freeman, G.J. <i>et al.</i> (2010) TIM genes: a family of cell surface phosphatidylserine receptors that regulate innate and adaptive immunity. <u>Immunol Rev. 235 (1): 172-89.</u>
Storage	Store at -20°C only.
	Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.
	This product should be stored undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may
	denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend
	microcentrifugation before use.
Guarantee	18 months from date of despatch.
Health And Safety	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10162 available at:
Information	10162: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10162.pdf
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Rabbit Anti Rat IgG (STAR17)	<u>FITC</u>
Goat Anti Rat IgG (STAR69)	<u>FITC</u>
Goat Anti Rat IgG (STAR131)	<u>Alk. Phos., Biotin</u>
Goat Anti Rat IgG (STAR73)	<u>RPE</u>
Rabbit Anti Rat IgG (STAR21)	<u>HRP</u>
Rabbit Anti Rat IgG (STAR16)	DyLight®800
Goat Anti Rat IgG (MOUSE ADSORBED) (STAR71) DyLight®800
Goat Anti Rat IgG (STAR72)	<u>HRP</u>
Decommonded Negative Controls	

Recommended Negative Controls

RAT IgG2a NEGATIVE CONTROL:Low Endotoxin (MCA1212EL)

North & South	Tel: +1 800 265 7376	Worldwide
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751	
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.	com

Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 **Europe** Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

Printed on 10 Feb 2021

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