

Datasheet: MCA5639GA

Description:	MOUSE ANTI HUMAN APOLIPOPROTEIN E
Specificity:	APOLIPOPROTEIN E
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	WUE-4
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry			•	
Immunohistology - Frozen			•	
Immunohistology - Paraffin			•	
ELISA	•			1/100 - 1/1000
Immunoprecipitation			•	
Western Blotting				

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Human				
Species Cross	Reacts with: Mouse				
Reactivity	Does not react with:Sea Lion, Harbour seal				
	N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.				
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid				
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant				

Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline		
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN ₃)		
Carrier Free	Yes		
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml		
Immunogen	Purified ApoHDL fraction.		
External Database Links	UniProt: P02649 Related reagents Entrez Gene: 348 APOE Related reagents		
RRID	348 APOE Related reagents AB_10851827		
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised Balb/c mice were fused with cells of the Sp2/O-Ag14 mouse myeloma cell line.		
Specificity	Mouse anti Human Apolipoprotein E antibody, clone WUE-4 recognizes an epitope within amino acids 140-160 of human apolipoprotein E (Apo-E), a major component of very low-density lipoproteins (VLDLs). Apo-E is the principle apolipoprotein in the central nervous system, and is secreted by most organs into the plasma, playing a vital role in the binding, internalization and catabolism of triglyceride-rich lipoprotein constituents. Apo-E acts as a ligand for both the specific apo-E receptor (chylomicron remnant) of hepatic tissues, and the apoB,E (LDL) receptor. Three isoforms of Apo-E have been identified, ApoE2, E3 and E4, and have been linked with various disorders. ApoE2 has been shown to bind LPL receptors with low affinity, resulting in increased plasma cholesterol and triglyceride levels, and thereby an increased risk in cardiovascular disorders. ApoE4 is a high risk factor for Alzheimers disease (Sanan et al. 1994), and in particular late onset Alzheimer disease 2 (AD2), whilst ApoE3 is the most common isoform, and considered the normal/natural Apo-E genotype. Mouse anti Human Apolipoprotein E antibody, clone WUE-4 has been shown to inhibit Apo-E mediated binding of lipoproteins to the apoB,E cell receptor (Krul et al. 1998).		
Western Blotting	MCA5639GA detects a major band of approximately 34-36kDa in human liver cell lysates.		
References	 Davis, R.W. <i>et al.</i> (1991) Lipoproteins in pinnipeds: analysis of a high molecular weight form of apolipoprotein E. <u>J Lipid Res. 32 (6): 1013-23.</u> Fagan, A.M. <i>et al.</i> (2004) ApoAl deficiency results in marked reductions in plasma cholesterol but no alterations in amyloid-beta pathology in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease-like cerebral amyloidosis. <u>Am J Pathol. 165: 1413-22.</u> 		

- 3. Fryer, J.D. *et al.* (2005) The low density lipoprotein receptor regulates the level of central nervous system human and murine apolipoprotein E but does not modify amyloid plaque pathology in PDAPP mice. J Biol Chem. 280 (27): 25754-9.
- 4. Wahrle, S.E. *et al.* (2007) Apolipoprotein E levels in cerebrospinal fluid and the effects of ABCA1 polymorphisms. <u>Mol Neurodegener. 2: 7.</u>
- 5. Hirsch-Reinshagen, V. *et al.* (2009) LCAT synthesized by primary astrocytes esterifies cholesterol on glia-derived lipoproteins. <u>J Lipid Res. 50: 885-93.</u>
- 6. Fan, J. *et al.* (2011) An ABCA1-independent pathway for recycling a poorly lipidated 8.1 nm apolipoprotein E particle from glia. <u>J Lipid Res. 52: 1605-16.</u>
- 7. Youmans, K.L. *et al.* (2011) Amyloid-β42 alters apolipoprotein E solubility in brains of mice with five familial AD mutations. J Neurosci Methods. 196: 51-9.
- 8. Kim, J. *et al.* (2012) Anti-apoE immunotherapy inhibits amyloid accumulation in a transgenic mouse model of Aβ amyloidosis. <u>J Exp Med. 209: 2149-56.</u>
- 9. Wildsmith KR *et al.* (2012) *In vivo* human apolipoprotein E isoform fractional turnover rates in the CNS. PLoS One. 7 (6): e38013.
- 10. Jiang, J. *et al.* (2012) Hepatitis C virus attachment mediated by apolipoprotein E binding to cell surface heparan sulfate. J Virol. 86: 7256-67.
- 11. Lee, C.Y. *et al.* (2012) Apolipoprotein E promotes β-amyloid trafficking and degradation by modulating microglial cholesterol levels. <u>J Biol Chem. 287: 2032-44.</u>
- 12. Jiang, J. *et al.* (2013) Apolipoprotein e mediates attachment of clinical hepatitis C virus to hepatocytes by binding to cell surface heparan sulfate proteoglycan receptors. <u>PLoS One. 8: e67982.</u>
- 13. Fu,Y. *et al.* (2016) Apolipoprotein E lipoprotein particles inhibit amyloid-β uptake through cell surface heparan sulphate proteoglycan. <u>Mol Neurodegener. 11 (1): 37.</u>

Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA5639GA 10040
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12...)

Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...)

RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76...)

RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70...)

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13...) HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120...) FITC, HRP

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9...) <u>FITC</u>

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77...) <u>HRP</u>

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117...) Alk. Phos., DyLight®488, DyLight®550,

DyLight®650, DyLight®680, DyLight®800,

FITC, HRP

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA928)

 North & South
 Tel: +1 800 265 7376
 Worldwide
 Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700
 Europe
 Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

 America
 Fax: +1 919 878 3751
 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739
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To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M384294:210513'

Printed on 18 May 2025

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