

Datasheet: MCA508G BATCH NUMBER 159737

| Description: | MOUSE ANTI HUMAN COMPLEMENT FACTOR H | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Specificity: | COMPLEMENT FACTOR H | | |
| Other names: | H FACTOR 1 | | |
| Format: | Purified | | |
| Product Type: | Monoclonal Antibody | | |
| Clone: | OX-23 | | |
| Isotype: | lgG1 | | |
| Quantity: | 0.2 mg | | |
| | | | |

Product Details

| Applications | This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | communications from the | - | | | | | | |
| | information. For general | information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-</u> | | | | | | |
| | rad-antibodies.com/protocols. | | | | | | | |
| | | Yes | No | Not Determined | Suggested Dilution | | | |
| | Flow Cytometry | | | • | | | | |
| | Immunohistology - Frozen | | | | | | | |
| | Immunohistology - Paraffin | | | | | | | |
| | ELISA | | | | 1/50 - 1/200 | | | |
| | Immunoprecipitation | • | | | | | | |
| | Western Blotting | | | | | | | |
| | Dealt diamagnetic and a second | | | | | | | |
| | Radioimmunoassays Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us | | | • | • | | | |
| | Where this antibody has | se in sucl nended th | h procedu nat the use | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody | ng dilutions are given as | | | |
| Target Species | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm | se in sucl nended th | h procedu nat the use | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody | ng dilutions are given as | | | |
| | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate | se in sucl nended th negative | h procedu nat the use | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody | ng dilutions are given as | | | |
| Target Species Species Cross Reactivity | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate Human | se in such nended th negative use | h procedu nat the use e/positive e | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody controls. | ng dilutions are given as | | | |
| Species Cross | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate Human Reacts with: Primate, Mo | se in sucl nended th negative use use p, Rabbi | h procedu nat the use e/positive o t, Bovine, | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody controls. Chicken, Pig | ng dilutions are given as | | | |
| Species Cross | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recommon system using appropriate Human Reacts with: Primate, Mo Does not react with:Shee | se in such nended th negative use p, Rabbi and worki | h procedu nat the use e/positive o t, Bovine, ng conditi | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody controls. Chicken, Pig ons may vary betweer | ng dilutions are given as for use in their own n species. Cross | | | |
| Species Cross | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate Human Reacts with: Primate, Mo Does not react with:Shee N.B. Antibody reactivity a reactivity is derived from | se in sucl nended th negative use p, Rabbi and worki testing w | h procedu nat the use e/positive o t, Bovine, ng conditi ithin our la | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody controls. Chicken, Pig ons may vary betweer aboratories, peer-revie | ng dilutions are given as for use in their own n species. Cross wed publications or | | | |
| Species Cross | Where this antibody has necessarily exclude its us a guide only. It is recomm system using appropriate Human Reacts with: Primate, Mo Does not react with:Shee N.B. Antibody reactivity a | se in sucl nended th negative use p, Rabbi and worki testing w | h procedu nat the use e/positive o t, Bovine, ng conditi ithin our la | res. Suggested workin er titrates the antibody controls. Chicken, Pig ons may vary betweer aboratories, peer-revie | ng dilutions are given as for use in their own n species. Cross wed publications or | | | |

| Preparation | Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein A from tissue culture supernatant | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Buffer Solution | Phosphate buffered saline | | | | |
| Preservative Stabilisers | 0.09% Sodium Azide | | | | |
| Carrier Free | Yes | | | | |
| Approx. Protein Concentrations | IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml | | | | |
| Immunogen | Human complement factor H. | | | | |
| External Database Links | UniProt: <u>P08603</u> <u>Related reagents</u> Entrez Gene: | | | | |
| | 3075 CFH Related reagents | | | | |
| Synonyms | HF, HF1, HF2 | | | | |
| RRID | AB_2080129 | | | | |
| Fusion Partners | Spleen cells from immunised Balb/c mice were fused with cells of the NS-O mouse myeloma cell line. | | | | |
| Specificity | Mouse anti Human Complement Factor H antibody, clone OX-23 recognizes intact human serum complement protein factor H, also known as H factor 1. Complement factor H is a 1213 amino acid ~155 kDa secreted glycoprotein bearing multiple disulphide bonds and is involved in the deactivation of C3b and dissociation of C3 convertase in the alternative complement pathway. Mouse anti Human Complement Factor H antibody, clone OX-23 also recognizes a ~43-49 kDa truncated form of factor H present at low level (1-5ug/ml) in plasma and urine. | | | | |
| | Mutations in the CFH gene can lead to the development of Complement Factor H deficiency (<u>CFHD</u>) which can be asymptomatic, present with recurrent bacterial infections or renal failure (<u>Ault <i>et al.</i> 1997</u>). Mutations can also lead to development of Basal laminar drusen (<u>BLD</u>), the deposition of extracellular deposits accumulating below the retinal pigment epithelium on Bruch membrane which can ultimately lead to vision loss (<u>Boon <i>et al.</i> 2008</u>). Additionally, mutations in the CFH gene can lead to increased susceptibility to Hemolytic uremic syndrome atypical 1 (<u>AHUS1</u>) or Macular degeneration, age-related, 4 (<u>ARMD4</u>). | | | | |
| | Mouse anti Human Complement Factor H antibody, clone OX-23 has been used successfully for the determination of levels of bound murine factor H in a sandwich ELISA (Daniels-Treffandier <i>et al.</i> 2016). | | | | |

| References | Alsenz, J. <i>et al.</i> (1985) Structural and functional analysis of the complement component factor H with the use of different enzymes and monoclonal antibodies to factor H. <u>Biochem J. 232 (3): 841-50.</u> Fontaine, M. <i>et al.</i> (1989) Truncated forms of human complement factor H. <u>Biochem J. 258 (3): 927-30.</u> Daniels-Treffandier, H. <i>et al.</i> (2016) Impact of Reducing Complement Inhibitor Binding on the Immunogenicity of Native <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> Outer Membrane Vesicles. <u>PLoS One. 11 (2): e0148840.</u> Kelly, U. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Heparan sulfate, including that in Bruch's membrane, inhibits the complement alternative pathway: implications for age-related macular degeneration. J Immunol. 185 (9): 5486-94. Smith J <i>et al.</i> (2007) Genes expressed by both mesangial cells and bone marrow-derived cells underlie genetic susceptibility to crescentic glomerulonephritis in the rat. J Am Soc Nephrol. 18 (6): 1816-23. Clark, S.J. <i>et al.</i> (2014) Identification of factor H-like protein 1 as the predominant complement regulator in Bruch's membrane: implications for age-related macular degeneration. J Immunol. 193 (10): 4962-70. Martínez, A. <i>et al.</i> (2019) Clinical and Immunological Profile of Anti-factor H Antibody Associated Atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome: A Nationwide Database. <u>Front Immunol.</u> 10: 1282. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Storage | This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. |
| Guarantee | 12 months from date of despatch |
| Health And Safety Information | Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA508G 10040 |
| Regulatory | For research purposes only |

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

| Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77) | HRP | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12) | <u>RPE</u> | | |
| Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87) Alk. Phos., HRP | | | |
| Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76) | <u>RPE</u> | | |
| Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120) | <u>FITC, HRP</u> | | |
| Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13) | <u>HRP</u> | | |

| Goat Ant | Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70) <u>FITC</u> | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Goat Ant | t Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117) <u>Alk. Phos.</u> , <u>DyLight®488</u> , <u>DyLight®550</u> , | | | | | | |
| | DyLight®650, DyLight®680, DyLight®800, | | | | | | |
| | | <u>FITC</u> , <u>HRP</u> | | | | | |
| Rabbit A | Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9) <u>FITC</u> | | | | | | |
| Recomm | Recommended Negative Controls | | | | | | |
| MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA928) | | | | | | | |
| North & South | Tel: +1 800 265 7376 Wor | dwide | Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 | Europe | Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 | | |
| America | Fax: +1 919 878 3751 | | Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 | | Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 | | |
| | Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com | | Email: antibody_sales_uk@bic | o-rad.com | Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com | | |
| To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M384535:210513' | | | | | | | |
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