

Datasheet: MCA497PBT

Description:	RAT ANTI MOUSE F4/80:Pacific Blue®
Specificity:	F4/80
Format:	Pacific Blue®
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	Cl:A3-1
Isotype:	IgG2b
Quantity:	25 TESTS/0.25ml

Product Details

RRID AB_1102557

Applications This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	■			Neat - 1/5

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. The suggested working dilution is given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species Mouse

Product Form Purified IgG conjugated to Pacific Blue® - liquid

Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max (nm)	Emission Max (nm)
	Pacific Blue®	410	455

Preparation Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant.

Buffer Solution Phosphate buffered saline

Preservative 0.09% Sodium Azide
Stabilisers 1% Bovine Serum Albumin

Approx. Protein Concentrations IgG concentration 0.05 mg/ml

Immunogen Thioglycollate stimulated peritoneal macrophages from C57BL/6 mice.

External Database Links

UniProt:
[Q61549](#) [Related reagents](#)

Entrez Gene:

[13733](#) Emr1 [Related reagents](#)

Synonyms	Gpf480
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Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised HOB2 rats were fused with cells of the mouse NS1 myeloma cell line.
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Specificity	<p>Rat anti mouse F4/80 antibody, clone Cl:A3-1 recognises the murine F4/80 antigen, a ~160 kDa cell surface glycoprotein member of the EGF-TM7 family of proteins which shares 68% overall amino acid identity with human EGF module-containing mucin-like hormone receptor 1 (EMR1).</p> <p>Expression of F4/80 is heterogeneous and is modulated during macrophage maturation and activation. The F4/80 antigen is expressed on a wide range of mature tissue macrophages including Kupffer cells, Langerhans cells, microglia, macrophages located in the gut lamina propria, peritoneal cavity, lung, thymus, bone marrow stroma and macrophages in the red pulp of the spleen (Hume, et al. 1984). F4/80 antigen is also expressed on a subpopulation of dendritic cells but is absent from macrophages located in T cell areas of the spleen and lymph node (Gordon, et al. 1994). The ligands and biological functions of the F4/80 antigen have not been fully determined but a role for F4/80 in the generation of efferent CD8+ve regulatory T cells is proposed (Lin, et al. 2005)</p> <p>Rat anti mouse F4/80 antibody, clone Cl:A3-1 modulates cytokine levels released in response to <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> (Warschkau & Kiderlen, 1999).</p> <p>A Human anti-idiotypic Cl:A31 antibody, clone 17867 (HCA154) which binds to and blocks activity of Rat anti mouse F4/80 antibody, clone Cl:A3-1 is also available for use as a control in experiments utilizing clone A3-1.</p>
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Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100ul.
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References	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Gordon, S. <i>et al.</i> (1992) Antigen markers of macrophage differentiation in murine tissues. Curr Top Microbiol Immunol. 181: 1-37.2. Warschkau, H. & Kiderlen, A.F. (1999) A monoclonal antibody directed against the murine macrophage surface molecule F4/80 modulates natural immune response to <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>. J Immunol. 163 (6): 3409-16.3. Lin, H.H.<i>et al.</i> (2005) The macrophage F4/80 receptor is required for the induction of antigen-specific efferent regulatory T cells in peripheral tolerance. J Exp Med. 201 (10): 1615-25.4. Chan, R.J. <i>et al.</i> (2005) Human somatic PTPN11 mutations induce hematopoietic cell hypersensitivity to granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor Blood. 105: 3737-3742.5. Moore, K.J. <i>et al.</i> (2000) Divergent response to LPS and bacteria in CD14-deficient murine macrophages. J Immunol. 165 (8): 4272-80.6. Dandekar, A.A.<i>et al.</i> (2004) Bystander CD8 T-cell-mediated demyelination is interferon-gamma-dependent in a coronavirus model of multiple sclerosis. Am J Pathol. 164: 363-9.7. Muto, A. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Eph-B4 prevents venous adaptive remodeling in the adult arterial environment. J Exp Med. 208 (3): 561-75.8. Pizza, F.X. <i>et al.</i> (2005) Neutrophils contribute to muscle injury and impair its resolution after lengthening contractions in mice. J Physiol. 562 (Pt 3): 899-913.9. Tarallo, V. <i>et al.</i> (2011) The biflavonoid amentoflavone inhibits neovascularization preventing the activity of proangiogenic vascular endothelial growth factors. J Biol Chem. 286: 19641-51.10. Rivollier, A. <i>et al.</i> (2012) Inflammation switches the differentiation program of Ly6Chi monocytes from antiinflammatory macrophages to inflammatory dendritic cells in the colon. J Exp Med. 209: 139-55.
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Storage

Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.

This product should be stored undiluted.

Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

Guarantee

18 months from date of despatch.

Acknowledgements

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Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: 10041: <https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10041.pdf>

Regulatory

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'M343263:190110'

Printed on 30 May 2019