

## Datasheet: MCA46FA BATCH NUMBER 0710

Description:	MOUSE ANTI RAT MHC CLASS II RT1B:FITC
Specificity:	MHC CLASS II RT1B
Format:	FITC
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	OX-6
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	50 µg

### **Product Details**

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols</u> .				
		Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
	Flow Cytometry	•			Neat - 1/10
	Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.				
Target Species	Rat				
Species Cross Reactivity	Reacts with: Mouse <b>N.B.</b> Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.				
Product Form	Purified IgG conjugated to Fluorescein Isothiocyanate Isomer 1 (FITC) - liquid				
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore FITC	Excitation Ma 490	x (nm)	Emission Max (nm) 525	
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant				
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered sa	line			

Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide 1% Bovine Serum Albumin
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 0.1 mg/ml
Immunogen	Rat thymocyte membrane glycoproteins.
RRID	AB_567372
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells from the NS1 mouse myeloma cell line.
Specificity	<b>Mouse anti Rat MHC Class II RT1B antibody, clone OX-6</b> recognizes a monomorphic determinant of the rat RT1B MHC class II antigen present on B lymphocytes, dendritic cells, some macrophages and certain epithelial cells.
	Rat MHC Class II RT1B antibody, clone OX-6 does not react with the rat BDIX strain due to a defect in RT1B expression ( <u>Male <i>et al.</i> 1987</u> ).
	The major histocompatibility complex (MHC) is a cluster of genes that are important in the immune response to infections. In rats, this complex is referred to as the RT1 region. In mice, this complex is referred to as the H-2 region.
	Mouse anti Rat MHC Class II RT1B antibody, clone OX-6 also cross reacts with a polymorphic determinant on mouse strains of the H-2 haplotypes k and s. Analysis of recombinant mouse strains has mapped the OX-6 determinant to the H-2I-A region ( <u>McMaster and Williams 1979</u> and <u>Male <i>et al.</i> 1987</u> ).
	Mouse anti Rat MHC Class II RT1B antibody, clone OX-6 is routinely tested in flow cytometry on rat splenocytes.
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 <sup>6</sup> cells in 100ul.
References	<ol> <li>McMaster, W.R. &amp; Williams, A.F. (1979) Identification of la glycoproteins in rat thymus and purification from rat spleen. <u>Eur J Immunol. 9 (6): 426-33.</u></li> <li>Fernandez, J.L. &amp; Weeks, M. (1986) Genetic monitoring of inbred strains of mice using monoclonal antibodies to major histocompatibility haplotypes and lymphocyte alloantigens. <u>Lab Anim. 20 (4): 293-7.</u></li> <li>Charteris, D.G. &amp; Lightman, S.L. (1993) In vivo lymphokine production in experimental autoimmune uveoretinitis. <u>Immunology. 78 (3): 387-92.</u></li> <li>Whiteland, J.L. <i>et al.</i> (1995) Immunohistochemical detection of T-cell subsets and other leukocytes in paraffin-embedded rat and mouse tissues with monoclonal antibodies. J <u>Histochem Cytochem. 43 (3): 313-20.</u></li> <li>McKechnie, N.M. <i>et al.</i> (1997) Immunization with the cross-reactive antigens Ov39 from <i>Onchocerca volvulus</i> and hr44 from human retinal tissue induces ocular pathology and activates retinal microglia. J Infect Dis. 176 (5): 1334-43.</li> <li>Male, D.K. <i>et al.</i> (1987) Serological evidence for a defect in RT1.B (I-A) expression by</li> </ol>

	<ul> <li>the BDIX rat strain. J Immunogenet. 14 (6): 301-12.</li> <li>7. Burrows, G.G. <i>et al.</i> (1998) Two-domain MHC class II molecular with myelin basic protein 69-89 peptide that detect and inhibit ra and treat experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. J Immur 8. Zilka, N. <i>et al.</i> (2009) Human misfolded truncated tau protein microglia and leukocyte infiltration in the transgenic rat model of Neuroimmunol. 209 (1-2): 16-25.</li> <li>9. Kawamura, J. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Neuron-immune Interactions in the Induced by Mustard Oil Application to Rat Molar Pulp. J Dent R 10. Calvo, M. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Neuregulin-ErbB signaling promotes chemotaxis contributing to microgliosis and pain after periphera 30 (15): 5437-50.</li> <li>11. McClain, J.A. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Adolescent binge alcohol exposu partial activation of microglia. Brain Behav Immun. 25 Suppl 1: 12. Baca Jones, C.C. <i>et al.</i> (2009) Rat cytomegalovirus infectio marrow derived dendritic cells. Virology. 388: 78-90.</li> <li>13. Lobato-Pascual, A. <i>et al.</i> (2016) High-mobility group box 1 is an immicroglial activation induced by cortical spreading depression J. Flow &amp; Metabolism. May 3 [Epub ahead of print]</li> <li>15. Liu, M. <i>et al.</i> (2017) Pioglitazone Attenuates Neuroinflamma: Dopaminergic Neuronal Survival in the Nigrostriatal System of Flujury. J Neurotrauma. 34 (2): 414-22.</li> <li>16. Noailles, A. <i>et al.</i> (2018) Systemic inflammation induced by aggravates inherited retinal dystrophy. Cell Death Dis. 9 (3): 350</li> </ul>	at encephalitogenic T cells nol. 161 (11): 5987-96. promotes activation of f tauopathy. J e Sensitized Thalamus es. 89: 1309-14. microglial proliferation and I nerve injury. J Neurosci. re induces long-lasting <u>S120-8.</u> n depletes MHC II in bone ctin is an activating portant mediator of ournal of Cerebral Blood ation and Promotes Rats after Diffuse Brain lipopolysaccharide
Storage	Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred. This product should be stored undiluted.	
	Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. This product should be protected from light.	t is photosensitive and
	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the a product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation	
Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch	
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA46FA 10041	
Regulatory	For research purposes only	

# **Related Products**

#### **Recommended Negative Controls**

North & South	Tel: +1 800 265 7376	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751		Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739		Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-ra	d.com	Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-	rad.com	Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M367931:200529'

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