

Datasheet: MCA2411B

BATCH NUMBER 159785

Description:	MOUSE ANTI DOG CD34:Biotin
Specificity:	CD34
Format:	Biotin
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	1H6
Isotype:	IgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	▪			Neat - 1/5

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Dog
Product Form	Purified IgG conjugated to Biotin - liquid
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein A from tissue culture supernatant
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline
Preservative	0.09% Sodium Azide
Stabilisers	1% Bovine Serum Albumin
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 0.1 mg/ml
Immunogen	Canine CD34 fusion protein.

External Database
Links

UniProt:

[Q28270](#) [Related reagents](#)

Entrez Gene:

[415130](#) CD34 [Related reagents](#)

RRID AB_1604777

Fusion Partners Spleen cells from immunized BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the mouse NS-1/FOX-NY myeloma cell line.

Specificity **Mouse anti dog CD34 antibody, clone 1H6** recognizes the canine homologue of CD34, a glycosylated type 1 transmembrane protein of approximately 110 kDa ([McSweeney et al. 1998](#)) expressed on the cell surface of endothelial cells and haematopoietic stem cells.

Mouse anti dog CD34 antibody, clone 1H6 is a key marker of canine hematopoietic progenitor cells and is reported for use in CD34+ enrichment assays, ([Goerner et al. 2001](#)) and ([Horn et al. 2004](#)).

Flow Cytometry Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 1×10^6 cells in 100ul.

References

1. Goerner, M. *et al.* (1999) The use of granulocyte colony-stimulating factor during retroviral transduction on fibronectin fragment CH-296 enhances gene transfer into hematopoietic repopulating cells in dogs. [Blood. 94 \(7\): 2287-92.](#)
2. Bhattacharya, V. *et al.* (2000) Enhanced endothelialization and microvessel formation in polyester grafts seeded with CD34(+) bone marrow cells. [Blood. 95 \(2\): 581-5.](#)
3. Goerner, M. *et al.* (2001) Sustained multilineage gene persistence and expression in dogs transplanted with CD34(+) marrow cells transduced by RD114-pseudotype oncoretrovirus vectors. [Blood. 98 \(7\): 2065-70.](#)
4. Georges, G. *et al.* (2001) Engraftment of DLA-haploidentical marrow with ex vivo expanded, retrovirally transduced cytotoxic T lymphocytes. [Blood. 98:3447-55.](#)
5. Horn, P.A. *et al.* (2004) Efficient lentiviral gene transfer to canine repopulating cells using an overnight transduction protocol. [Blood. 103 \(10\): 3710-6.](#)
6. Avallone, G. *et al.* (2007) The spectrum of canine cutaneous perivascular wall tumors: morphologic, phenotypic and clinical characterization. [Vet Pathol. 44 \(5\): 607-20.](#)
7. Palmieri, C. *et al.* (2013) Use of electron microscopy to classify canine perivascular wall tumors. [Vet Pathol. 50 \(2\): 226-33.](#)
8. Bearden, R.N. *et al.* (2017) *In-vitro* characterization of canine multipotent stromal cells isolated from synovium, bone marrow, and adipose tissue: a donor-matched comparative study. [Stem Cell Res Ther. 8 \(1\): 218.](#)
9. Trindade, A.B. *et al.* (2017) Mesenchymal-like stem cells in canine ovary show high differentiation potential. [Cell Prolif. Oct 08 \[Epub ahead of print\].](#)
10. Lee, S.H. *et al.* (2016) Impact of local injection of brain-derived neurotrophic factor-expressing mesenchymal stromal cells (MSCs) combined with intravenous MSC delivery in a canine model of chronic spinal cord injury. [Cytotherapy. Oct 28 \[Epub ahead of print\].](#)
11. Muir, P. *et al.* (2016) Autologous Bone Marrow-Derived Mesenchymal Stem Cells Modulate Molecular Markers of Inflammation in Dogs with Cruciate Ligament Rupture.

[PLoS One. 11 \(8\): e0159095.](#)

12. Rajawat, Y.S. *et al.* (2021) *In Vivo* Gene Therapy for Canine SCID-X1 Using Cocal-Pseudotyped Lentiviral Vector. [Hum Gene Ther. 32 \(1-2\): 113-27.](#)
13. Grudzien, M. *et al.* (2021) A newly established canine NK-type cell line and its cytotoxic properties. [Vet Comp Oncol. 19 \(3\): 567-77.](#)
14. Tongu, E.A.O. *et al.* (2021) Allogenic mesenchymal stem cell-conditioned medium does not affect sperm parameters and mitigates early endometrial inflammatory responses in mares. [Theriogenology. 169: 1-8.](#)
15. Jaensch, S. *et al.* (2022) Clinicopathologic and immunophenotypic features in dogs with presumptive large granular lymphocyte leukaemia [Australian Veterinary Journal. \[Epub ahead of print\].](#)
16. Salari Sedigh, H. *et al.* (2023) *In vitro* investigation of canine periodontal ligament-derived mesenchymal stem cells: A possibility of promising tool for periodontal regeneration. [J Oral Biol Craniofac Res. 13 \(3\): 403-11.](#)
17. Papa, P.M. *et al.* (2023) Intratesticular transplantation of allogenic mesenchymal stem cells mitigates testicular destruction after induced heat stress in Miniature-horse stallions. [J Equine Vet Sci. 132: 104961.](#)
18. Rezaei, M. *et al.* (2019) Transplantation of Bone Marrow-Derived Mesenchymal Stem Cells, Platelet-Rich Plasma, and Fibrin Glue for Periodontal Regeneration. [Int J Periodontics Restorative Dent. 39 \(1\): e32-e45.](#)
19. Yang, V.K. *et al.* (2021) Intravenous administration of allogeneic Wharton jelly-derived mesenchymal stem cells for treatment of dogs with congestive heart failure secondary to myxomatous mitral valve disease. [Am J Vet Res. 82 \(6\): 487-93.](#)
20. Crain, S.K. *et al.* (2019) Extracellular Vesicles from Wharton's Jelly Mesenchymal Stem Cells Suppress CD4 Expressing T Cells Through Transforming Growth Factor Beta and Adenosine Signaling in a Canine Model. [Stem Cells Dev. 28 \(3\): 212-26.](#)
21. Sheng, R. *et al.* (2023) Prognostic significance of CD25 expression in dogs with a noninvasive diagnosis of B-cell lymphoma treated with CHOP chemotherapy. [Vet Comp Oncol. 21 \(1\): 28-35.](#)
22. Millanta, F. *et al.* (2020) Cytologic grading of canine and feline spindle-cell sarcomas of soft tissues and its correlation with histologic grading. [Top Companion Anim Med. 41: 100458.](#)

Further Reading	1. McSweeney, P. <i>et al.</i> (1996) Canine CD34: cloning of the cDNA and evaluation of an antiserum to recombinant protein. Blood. 88:1992-2003.
------------------------	--

Storage	<p>This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.</p> <p>Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.</p>
----------------	---

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
------------------	---------------------------------

Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA2411B 10041
--------------------------------------	---

RegulatoryFor research purposes only

North & South Tel: +1 800 265 7376**America** Fax: +1 919 878 3751Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com**Worldwide**

Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700

Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739

Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com**Europe**

Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets

'M383761:210513'

Printed on 25 Mar 2024

© 2024 Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc | [Legal](#) | [Imprint](#)