

Datasheet: MCA2316F BATCH NUMBER 158427

Description:	MOUSE ANTI PIG CD169:FITC
Specificity:	CD169
Other names:	SIALOADHESIN
Format:	FITC
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	3B11/11
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry				Neat

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Pig		
Product Form	Purified IgG conjuga	ated to Fluorescein Isoth	niocyanate Isomer 1
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max (nm)	Emission Max (nm
	FITC	490	525
Preparation Buffer Solution	Purified IgG prepare supernatant Phosphate buffered	ed by affinity chromatogo	raphy on Protein A
eservative abilisers	0.09% Sodium Azid	-	
pprox. Protein			

Immunogen	Porcine alveolar macrophages.			
External Database Links	UniProt: A7LCJ3 Related reagents			
	Entrez Gene: 397623 SIGLEC-1 Related reagents			
Synonyms	SA, SN			
RRID	AB_566566			
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the mouse X63-Ag.8.653 myeloma cell line.			
Specificity	Mouse anti Pig CD169, clone 3B11/11 recognizes porcine CD169, also known as sialoadhesin or Siglec-1, a member of the sialic acid binding immunoglobulin-like lectin (Siglec) family. CD169 was originally identified in mice and identified as the sialic acid dependent Sheep erythrocyte receptor (<u>Crocker et al.1986</u>). CD169 has subsequently been identified in rat (<u>van den Berg et al. 1992</u>), human (<u>Mucklow et al. 1995</u>) and pig (<u>Vanderheijden et al. 2003</u>).			
	Mouse anti Porcine CD169, clone 3B1/11 was originally raised as part of a panel of anti porcine macrophage monoclonal antibodies raised against isolated porcine alveolar macrophages (Bullido et al. 1997). Immunohistochemical analysis indicated restriction to macrophage populations mainly in the spleen, lymph nodes, liver and Peyer's patches.			
	Originally described as a non phagocytic intercellular adhesion receptor, work on porcine CD169 indicated that it may play a role as a viral adhesion receptor (<u>Delputte et al. 2006</u>) and as a targeted receptor for the delivery of toxins and antigens (<u>Delputte et al. 2011</u>).			
	Mouse anti pig CD169, clone 3B11/11 detects a band of approximately 190 kDa in alveolar macrophage extracts under non-reducing conditions (Revilla et al 2009).			
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to 1x10 ⁶ cells in 100ul.			
References	 Thacker, E. <i>et al.</i> (2001) Summary of workshop findings for porcine myelomonocytic markers. <u>Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 80 (1-2): 93-109.</u> Prather, R.S. <i>et al.</i> (2013) An Intact Sialoadhesin (Sn/SIGLEC1/CD169) Is Not Required for Attachment/Internalization of the Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome Virus. <u>J Virol. 87: 9538-46.</u> 			

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- 3. Revilla, C. et al. (2009) Targeting to porcine sialoadhesin receptor improves antigen presentation to T cells. Vet Res. 40 (3): 14.
- 4. Rodríguez-Gómez IM et al. (2015) PRRSV-infected monocyte-derived dendritic cells express high levels of SLA-DR and CD80/86 but do not stimulate PRRSV-naïve regulatory T cells to proliferate. Vet Res. 46: 54.
- 5. Costa-Hurtado, M. et al. (2013) Changes in macrophage phenotype after infection of

pigs with *Haemophilus parasuis* strains with different levels of virulence. <u>Infect Immun. 81</u> (7): 2327-33.

- 6. Perdiguero, B. *et al.* (2008) Vaccinia virus A34 glycoprotein determines the protein composition of the extracellular virus envelope. <u>J Virol. 82 (5): 2150-60.</u>
- 7. Perdiguero, B. & Blasco, R. (2006) Interaction between vaccinia virus extracellular virus envelope A33 and B5 glycoproteins. <u>J Virol. 80 (17): 8763-77.</u>
- 8. Burkard, C. *et al.* (2017) Precision engineering for PRRSV resistance in pigs: Macrophages from genome edited pigs lacking CD163 SRCR5 domain are fully resistant to both PRRSV genotypes while maintaining biological function. <u>PLoS Pathog. 13 (2):</u> e1006206.
- 9. Whitworth, K.M. *et al.* (2016) Gene-edited pigs are protected from porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus. <u>Nat Biotechnol. 34 (1): 20-2.</u>
- 10. Wells, K.D. *et al.* (2017) Replacement of Porcine CD163 Scavenger Receptor Cysteine-Rich Domain 5 with a CD163-Like Homolog Confers Resistance of Pigs to Genotype 1 but Not Genotype 2 Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome Virus. <u>J Virol.</u> 91 (2): pii: e01521-16.
- 11. Ezquerra, A. *et al.* (2009) Porcine myelomonocytic markers and cell populations. <u>Dev Comp Immunol.</u> 33 (3): 284-98.
- 12. Singleton, H. *et al.* (2016) Establishing Porcine Monocyte-Derived Macrophage and Dendritic Cell Systems for Studying the Interaction with PRRSV-1. <u>Front Microbiol. 7: 832.</u>

 13. Chen, J. *et al.* (2019) Generation of Pigs Resistant to Highly Pathogenic-Porcine
- Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome Virus through Gene Editing of CD163. <u>Int J Biol Sci. 15 (2): 481-492.</u>
- 14. Li, P. *et al.* (2020) Susceptibility of porcine pulmonary microvascular endothelial cells to porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus. <u>J Vet Med Sci. 82 (9): 1404-9.</u>

Further Reading

1. Piriou-Guzylack, L. (2008) Membrane markers of the immune cells in swine: an update. Vet Res. 39: 54.

Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA2316F 10041
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL:FITC (MCA928F)

 North & South
 Tel: +1 800 265 7376
 Worldwide
 Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700
 Europe
 Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

 America
 Fax: +1 919 878 3751
 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739
 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M384961:210513'

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