

Datasheet: MCA2037S BATCH NUMBER 151735

Description:	MOUSE ANTI DOG MHC CLASS II MONOMORPHIC		
Specificity:	MHC CLASS II MONOMORPHIC		
Format:	S/N		
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody		
Clone:	CA2.1C12		
Isotype:	lgG1		
Quantity:	2 ml		

## **Product Details**

### **Applications**

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <a href="www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols">www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols</a>.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	•			Neat
Immunohistology - Frozen	•			
Immunohistology - Paraffin			•	
ELISA				
Immunoprecipitation			•	

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Dog
Product Form	Tissue Culture Supernatant - liquid
Preservative Stabilisers	0.1% Sodium Azide
RRID	AB_323367

### **Specificity**

Mouse anti Dog MHC Class II Monomorphic antibody, clone CA2.1C12 recognizes a monomorphic epitope on canine MHC Class II which was classified at the First Canine Leucocyte Antigen Workshop (CLAW) [Cobbold et al. 1992]. In dogs, MHC Class II is expressed by all peripheral blood mononuclear cells. The major histocompatibility complex (MHC) is a cluster of genes that are important in the immune response to infections. In

dogs, this is referred to as the dog leukocyte antigen (DLA) region.

## Flow Cytometry

Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10<sup>6</sup> cells in 100ul.

#### References

- 1. Cobbold, S. & Metcalfe, S. (1994) Monoclonal antibodies that define canine homologues of human CD antigens: summary of the First International Canine Leukocyte Antigen Workshop (CLAW). <u>Tissue Antigens</u>. 43 (3): 137-54.
- 2. Wang, Y.S. *et al.* (2007) Characterization of canine monocyte-derived dendritic cells with phenotypic and functional differentiation. PubMed PMID: Can J Vet Res. 71: 165-74.
- 3. Veenhof, E.Z. *et al.* (2011) Characterisation of T cell phenotypes, cytokines and transcription factors in the skin of dogs with cutaneous adverse food reactions. <u>Vet J. 187</u> (3): 320-4.
- 4. Caniatti, M. *et al.* (1996) Canine lymphoma: immunocytochemical analysis of fine-needle aspiration biopsy. <u>Vet Pathol. 33: 204-12.</u>
- 5. Huang, Y.C. *et al.* (2008) CD5-low expression lymphocytes in canine peripheral blood show characteristics of natural killer cells. J Leukoc Biol. 84: 1501-10.
- 6. Isotani, M. *et al.* (2006) Efficient generation of canine bone marrow-derived dendritic cells. <u>J Vet Med Sci. 68: 809-14.</u>
- 7. Liu, C.C. *et al.* (2008) Transient downregulation of monocyte-derived dendritic-cell differentiation, function, and survival during tumoral progression and regression in an in vivo canine model of transmissible venereal tumor. <u>Cancer Immunol Immunother. 57:</u> 479-91.
- 8. McDonough, S.P. and Moore, P.F. (2000) Clinical, hematologic, and immunophenotypic characterization of canine large granular lymphocytosis. <u>Vet Pathol. 37: 637-46.</u>
- 9. Pumarola, M. *et al.* (2004) Canine inflammatory myopathy: analysis of cellular infiltrates. <u>Muscle Nerve. 29: 782-9.</u>
- 10. Ricklin, Gutzwiller. M.E. *et al.* (2010) Comparative analysis of canine monocyte- and bone-marrow-derived dendritic cells. Vet Res. 41: 40.
- 11. Yuasa, K. *et al.* (2007) Injection of a recombinant AAV serotype 2 into canine skeletal muscles evokes strong immune responses against transgene products. <u>Gene Ther. 14:</u> 1249-60.

### Storage

Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.

This product should be stored undiluted.

Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

# Health And Safety

12 months from date of despatch

Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10336 available at: <a href="https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA2037S">https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA2037S</a> 10336

### Regulatory

Guarantee

For research purposes only

## Related Products

## **Recommended Secondary Antibodies**

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12...) RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...) HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76...) RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70...) FITC

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117...) Alk. Phos., DyLight®488, DyLight®550,

DyLight®650, DyLight®680, DyLight®800,

FITC, HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77...) HRP

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9...) FITC

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120...) FITC, HRP

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13...) HRP

**Recommended Negative Controls** 

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA928)

 North & South
 Tel: +1 800 265 7376
 Worldwide
 Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700
 Europe
 Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

 America
 Fax: +1 919 878 3751
 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739
 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M366081:200529'

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