

Datasheet: MCA1846

| Description: | HAMSTER ANTI MOUSE CD81 | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Specificity: | CD81 | | |
| Other names: | TAPA-1 | | |
| Format: | Purified | | |
| Product Type: | Monoclonal Antibody | | |
| Clone: | Eat2 | | |
| Isotype: | lgG1 | | |
| Quantity: | 0.25 mg | | |
| | | | |

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

| | Yes | No | Not Determined | Suggested Dilution |
|------------------------------|-----|----|----------------|--------------------|
| Flow Cytometry | | | | 1/50 - 1/100 |
| Immunohistology - Frozen (1) | • | | | |
| Immunohistology - Paraffin | | • | | |
| ELISA | | | | |
| Immunoprecipitation | • | | | |
| Western Blotting (2) | | | | |

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

(1)The epitope recognised by this antibody is reported to be sensitive to formaldehyde fixation and tissue processing. Bio-Rad recommends the use of acetone fixation for frozen sections.

(2)Clone Eat2 recognizes mouse CD81 under non-reducing conditions.

| Target Species | Mouse |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Species Cross Reactivity | Reacts with: Rat N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. |

| Product Form | Purified IgG - liquid | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Preparation | Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein G from tissue culture supernatant | | |
| Buffer Solution | Phosphate buffered saline | | |
| Preservative Stabilisers | 0.09% sodium azide (NaN ₃) | | |
| Carrier Free | Yes | | |
| Approx. Protein Concentrations | IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml | | |
| Immunogen | 38C13, murine B cell line. | | |
| External Database Links | UniProt: P35762 Related reagents | | |
| | Entrez Gene: 12520 Cd81 Related reagents | | |
| Synonyms | Tapa1 | | |
| RRID | AB_323200 | | |
| Fusion Partners | Spleen cells from immunised Armenian hamsters were fused with cells of the mouse PX3-Ag.8.653 myeloma cell line. | | |
| Specificity | Hamster anti Mouse CD81 antibody, clone Eat2 recognizes mouse and rat CD81, also known as TAPA-1 or Target of the antiproliferative antibody 1. CD81 is a 236 amino acid ~26 kDa multipass transmembrane protein belonging to the TM4SF family (UniProt: P35762). In rodents CD81 is expressed at much higher levels on resting B cells than on T cells, although increased expression on T cells is found following activation. Hamster anti Mouse CD81 antibody, clone Eat2 induces homotypic aggregation of B cells and inhibits anti Ig and IL-4 induced proliferation (Maecker et al. 2000). Eat 2 requires the presence of both extracellular loops of TAPA-1 for binding. | | |
| | Mice lacking CD81 demonstrate reduced fertility through impaired oocyte-sperm fusion, double knockout CD81-/- CD9-/- mice are completely infertile suggesting complimentary roles in oocyte-sperm fusion (Rubenstein et al. 2006). | | |
| Flow Cytometry | Use 10μl of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100μl | | |
| References | Maecker, H.T. <i>et al.</i> (2000) Differential expression of murine CD81 highlighted by new anti-mouse CD81 monoclonal antibodies. <u>Hybridoma 19: 15-22.</u> Owens, D.M. and Watt, F.M. (2001) Influence of beta1 integrins on epidermal | | |

squamous cell carcinoma formation in a transgenic mouse model: alpha3beta1, but not alpha2beta1, suppresses malignant conversion. Cancer Res. 61: 5248-54.

- 3. Clark, K.L. *et al.* (2001) PGRL is a major CD81-associated protein on lymphocytes and distinguishes a new family of cell surface proteins. J Immunol. 167 (9): 5115-21.
- 4. Ha, C.T. *et al.* (2005) Binding of pregnancy-specific glycoprotein 17 to CD9 on macrophages induces secretion of IL-10, IL-6, PGE2, and TGF-beta1. <u>J Leukoc Biol. 77:</u> 948-57.
- 5. Takeda, Y. *et al.* (2008) Double deficiency of tetraspanins CD9 and CD81 alters cell motility and protease production of macrophages and causes chronic obstructive pulmonary disease-like phenotype in mice. <u>J Biol Chem. 283: 26089-97.</u>
- 6. Conde-Vancells, J. *et al.* (2008) Characterization and comprehensive proteome profiling of exosomes secreted by hepatocytes. <u>J Proteome Res. 7: 5157-66.</u>
- 7. Suzuki, M. *et al.* (2009) Tetraspanin CD9 negatively regulates lipopolysaccharide-induced macrophage activation and lung inflammation. J Immunol. 182: 6485-93.
- 8. Conde-Vancells, J. *et al.* (2010) Candidate biomarkers in exosome-like vesicles purified from rat and mouse urine samples. Proteomics Clin Appl. 4 (4): 416-25.
- 9. Pan, Q. et al. (2011) Hepatic cell-to-cell transmission of small silencing RNA can extend the therapeutic reach of RNA interference (RNAi). <u>Gut. 61: 1330-9.</u>
- 10. Sosa, L.J. *et al.* (2013) Amyloid precursor protein is an autonomous growth cone adhesion molecule engaged in contact guidance. <u>PLoS One. 8 (5): e64521.</u>
- 11. Royo, F. *et al.* (2013) Transcriptome of extracellular vesicles released by hepatocytes. <u>PLoS One. 8: e68693.</u>
- 12. Jin, Y. *et al.* (2013) Statins decrease lung inflammation in mice by upregulating tetraspanin CD9 in macrophages. PLoS One. 8: e73706.
- 13. Jin, Y. et al. (2018) Double deletion of tetraspanins CD9 and CD81 in mice leads to a syndrome resembling accelerated aging. Sci Rep. 8 (1): 5145.
- 14. Royo, F. *et al.* (2024) Three-Dimensional Hepatocyte Spheroids: Model for Assessing Chemotherapy in Hepatocellular Carcinoma Biomedicines. 12 (6): 1200.

Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

| Guarantee | 12 months from date of despatch |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Health And Safety Information | Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA1846 10040 |
| Regulatory | For research purposes only |

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Hamster IgG (STAR104...) <u>DyLight®550</u>, <u>DyLight®650</u>, <u>DyLight®800</u>, <u>FITC</u>

Goat Anti Hamster IgG (STAR79...) Biotin, FITC, HRP

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To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M411770:221107'

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