

Datasheet: MCA1654A647

Description:	MOUSE ANTI BOVINE CD8 BETA:Alexa Fluor® 647
Specificity:	CD8 BETA
Format:	ALEXA FLUOR® 647
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	CC58
Isotype:	IgG1
Quantity:	100 TESTS/1ml

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	•			Neat

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Bovine			
Species Cross Reactivity	N.B. Antibody reactivity is derived	o, Goat, Water Buffalo ctivity and working condit I from testing within our l cations from the originato	aboratories, peer-re	viewed publications or
Product Form	Purified IgG conjug	gated to Alexa Fluor® 64	7- liquid	
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max (nm)	Emission Max (nm)
	Alexa Fluor®647	650	665	
Preparation	Purified IgG prepar supernatant	red by affinity chromatog	raphy on Protein A t	from tissue culture
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered	d saline		

Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% sodium azide (NaN ₃) 1% bovine serum albumin		
Approx. Protein Concentrations	Ig concentration 0.05 mg/ml		
Immunogen	Bovine leucocytes		
External Database Links	UniProt: A7YW30 Related reagents		

Specificity

Mouse anti Bovine CD8 beta antibody, clone CC58 recognizes an epitope associated with the bovine CD8 beta chain.

CD8 is usually expressed as an α/β heterodimer. The CD8 antigen is a cell surface glycoprotein found on most cytotoxic T lymphocytes that mediates efficient cell-cell interactions within the immune system. The CD8 antigen, acting as a coreceptor, and the T-cell receptor on the T lymphocyte recognize antigens displayed by an antigen presenting cell (APC) in the context of class I MHC molecules.

Mouse anti Bovine CD8 beta antibody, clone CC58 has been successfully used for the immunohistochemical detection of CD8 on formalin fixed, paraffin embedded placental tissue from water buffalo (<u>Cantón et al. 2014</u>).

Flow Cytometry

Use 10µl of the suggested working dilution to label 10⁶ cells in 100µl

References

- 1. Suraud, V. et al. (2008) Acute infection by conjunctival route with *Brucella melitensis* induces IgG+ cells and IFN-gamma producing cells in peripheral and mucosal lymph nodes in sheep. Microbes Infect. 10: 1370-8.
- 2. Howard, C.J. & Naessens, J. (1993) Summary of workshop findings for cattle (tables 1 and 2). Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 39 (1-3): 25-47.
- 3. Naessens, J. *et al.* (1997) Nomenclature and characterization of leukocyte differentiation antigens in ruminants. Immunol Today. 18 (8): 365-8.
- 4. Hein, W.R. *et al.* (1991) Summary of workshop findings for leukocyte antigens of sheep. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 27 (1-3): 28-30.
- 5. Gerner, W. *et al.* (2009) Identification of major histocompatibility complex restriction and anchor residues of foot-and-mouth disease virus-derived bovine T-cell epitopes. <u>J Virol.</u> 83: 4039-50.
- 6. Gerner, W. *et al.* (2010) Sensitive detection of Foxp3 expression in bovine lymphocytes by flow cytometry. <u>Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 138: 154-8.</u>
- 7. MacHugh, N.D. and Sopp, P. (1991) Individual antigens of cattle. Bovine CD8 (BoCD8). Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 27: 65-9.
- 8. Soltys, J. and Quinn, M.T. (1999) Selective recruitment of T-cell subsets to the udder during staphylococcal and streptococcal mastitis: analysis of lymphocyte subsets and adhesion molecule expression. Infect Immun. 67: 6293-302.
- 9. Cantón, G.J. *et al.* (2014) Characterization of immune cell infiltration in the placentome of water buffaloes (*Bubalus bubalis*) infected with *neospora caninum* during pregnancy. J

Comp Pathol. 150: 463-8.

- 10. Wattegedera, S.R. *et al.* (2017) Enhancing the toolbox to study IL-17A in cattle and sheep. <u>Vet Res. 48 (1): 20.</u>
- 11. Hecker, Y.P. *et al.* (2015) Cell mediated immune responses in the placenta following challenge of vaccinated pregnant heifers with *Neospora caninum*. <u>Vet Parasitol. 214 (3-4):</u> 247-54.
- 12. Okino, C.H. *et al.* (2020) A polymorphic CD4 epitope related to increased susceptibility to *Babesia bovis*. in Canchim calves. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 230: 110132.

Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA1654A647 10041
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL: Alexa Fluor® 647 (MCA928A647)

North & South Tel: +1 800 265 7376 America Fax: +1 919 878 3751 Worldwide

Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739

Europe

Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com

Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M410962:221031'

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