

Datasheet: MCA1653GA

BATCH NUMBER 147755

Description:	MOUSE ANTI BOVINE CD4
Specificity:	CD4
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	CC8
Isotype:	IgG2a
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	▪			1/100 - 1/200
Immunohistology - Frozen	▪			
Immunohistology - Paraffin			▪	
ELISA			▪	
Immunoprecipitation	▪			
Western Blotting			▪	

Where this antibody has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the antibody for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Bovine
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein A from tissue culture supernatant
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% Sodium Azide
Carrier Free	Yes

Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml
Immunogen	Bovine lymphocytes.
External Database Links	UniProt: A7YY52 Related reagents
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from an immunized mouse were fused with cells of the mouse NS1 myeloma cell line.
Specificity	<p>Mouse anti Bovine CD4 antibody, clone CC8 recognizes bovine CD4, the homolog of human CD4 and immunoprecipitates a ~50 kDa molecule. The phenotype, tissue distribution and function of T-cells expressing the bovine CD4 antigen are similar to those in other species. However, expression on macrophages has not yet been detected. Clone CC8 has been reported as being suitable for use on formalin dichromate (FD5) fixed paraffin embedded tissue with amplification and antigen retrieval techniques (Eskra et al. 1991).</p> <p>A mutation in the bovine CD4 gene resulting in an amino acid substitution at A324 T, located in the D4 domain of the CD4 gene product can occur. This mutation results in lowered binding of Mouse anti Bovine CD4 antibody, clone CC8 to CD4 in Japanese Black (JB) cattle where this mutation has been identified (Kato-Mori et al. 2020). CD4 in JB cattle can be identified using clone CACT138A (MCA6081) whose binding to bovine CD4 is unaffected by the A324T mutation (Kato-Mori et al. 2020).</p>
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100ul.
References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Bensaid, A. & Hadam, M. (1991) Individual antigens of cattle. Bovine CD4 (BoCD4). Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 27 (1-3): 51-4. Eskra, L. et al. (1991) Effect of monoclonal antibodies on <i>in vitro</i> function of T-cell subsets. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 27 (1-3): 215-22. Howard, C.J. et al. (1991) Summary of workshop findings for leukocyte antigens of cattle. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 27 (1-3): 21-7. Gutierrez, M. et al. (1999) The detection of CD2+, CD4+, CD8+, and WC1+ T lymphocytes, B cells and macrophages in fixed and paraffin embedded bovine tissue using a range of antigen recovery and signal amplification techniques. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 71 (3-4): 321-34. Sidders, B. et al. (2008) Screening of highly expressed mycobacterial genes identifies Rv3615c as a useful differential diagnostic antigen for the <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex. Infect Immun. 76: 3932-9. Brackenbury, L.S. et al. (2005) Identification of a cell population that produces alpha/beta interferon <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> in response to noncytopathic bovine viral diarrhea virus. J Virol. 79: 7738-44. Buddle, B.M. et al. (2003) Revaccination of neonatal calves with <i>Mycobacterium bovis</i> BCG reduces the level of protection against bovine tuberculosis induced by a single vaccination. Infect Immun. 71: 6411-9.

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Storage

Store at +4°C or at -20°C if preferred.

This product should be stored undiluted.

Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Should this product contain a precipitate we recommend microcentrifugation before use.

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
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Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10040 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA1653GA 10040
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Regulatory	For research purposes only
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Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77...)	HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12...)	RPE
Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...)	Alk. Phos. , HRP
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76...)	RPE
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120...)	FITC , HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13...)	HRP
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70...)	FITC
Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117...)	Alk. Phos. , DyLight@488 , DyLight@550 , DyLight@650 , DyLight@680 , DyLight@800 , FITC , HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9...)	FITC

Recommended Negative Controls

[MOUSE IgG2a NEGATIVE CONTROL \(MCA929\)](#)

North & South America	Tel: +1 800 265 7376 Fax: +1 919 878 3751 Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com	Worldwide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com
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