

# Datasheet: MCA1305F

Description:	MOUSE ANTI HUMAN CD57:FITC
Specificity:	CD57
Format:	FITC
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	TB01
Isotype:	IgM
Quantity:	100 TESTS

# **Product Details**

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols</u> .						
	· · · ·	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution		
	Flow Cytometry	•			Neat		
	Where this antibody h	as not been t	ested for	use in a particular	technique this does not		
	necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions						
	a guide only. It is reconsystem using appropri	mmended tha ate negative/	at the user positive co	r titrates the antibo ontrols.	dy for use in their own		
Target Species	Human						
Product Form	Purified IgM conjugate	ed to Fluoresc	ein Isothi	ocyanate Isomer 1	(FITC) - liquid		
Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation M	ax (nm)	Emission Max (nm)			
	FITC	490		525			
Preparation	Purified IgM prepared by ion exchange chromatography						
Buffer Solution	Phosphate buffered saline						
Preservative	0.09% Sodium Azide						
Stabilisers	1% Bovine Serum	Albumin					
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgM concentration 0.1	mg/ml					
Immunogen	Human neuroblastoma cells.						

RRID	AB_2063196
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunised BALB/c mice were fused with cells of the mouse P3.X63 Ag8.653 myeloma cell line.
Specificity	<b>Mouse anti Human CD57 antibody, clone TB01</b> recognizes CD57, also known as HNK-1, an oligosaccharide antigenic determinant present on a variety of polypeptides, lipids and chondroitin sulphate proteoglycans. Its function is poorly understood. CD57 is present on a subset of NK and T cells.
Flow Cytometry	Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 <sup>6</sup> cells or 100ul whole blood
References	<ol> <li>Funaro, A. <i>et al.</i> (1995) Epitope analysis of human CD57 by means of a panel of newly-generated high-affinity murine monoclonal antibodies. In: Leucocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens.</li> <li>Funaro, A. <i>et al.</i> (1995) Human CD57, a link molecule between leucocyte and neural cells. In: Leucocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens.</li> <li>Slyker, J.A. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Phenotypic Characterization of HIV-Specific CD8 T Cells during Early and Chronic Infant HIV-1 Infection. PLoS One. 6: e20375.</li> <li>Nunes, C. <i>et al.</i> (2012) Expansion of a CD8+PD-1+ Replicative Senescence Phenotype in Early Stage CLL Patients Is Associated with Inverted CD4:CD8 Ratios and Disease Progression. <u>Clin Cancer Res. 18: 678-87</u>.</li> <li>Hutnick, N.A. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Vaccination with Ad5 Vectors Expands Ad5-Specific CD8+T Cells without Altering Memory Phenotype or Functionality PLoS One. 5: e14385.</li> <li>Khan, N. <i>et al.</i> (2002) Cytomegalovirus seropositivity drives the CD8 T cell repertoire toward greater clonality in healthy elderly individuals. J Immunol. 169: 1984-92.</li> <li>Alejenef, A. <i>et al.</i> (2014) Cytomegalovirus drives Vö2neg γð T cell inflation in many healthy virus carriers with increasing age. Clin Exp Immunol. 176 (3): 418-28.</li> <li>Frahm, M. <i>et al.</i> (2012) CD4+CD8+ T cells represent a significant portion of the anti-HIV T cell response to acute HIV infection. J Immunol. 188: 4289-96.</li> <li>Wang, Y. <i>et al.</i> (2009) Characteristics of expanded CD4+CD28null T cells in patients with chronic hepatitis B. Immunol Invest. 38: 434-46.</li> <li>Lim, H.W. and Kim, C.H. (2007) Loss of IL-7 receptor alpha on CD4+ T cells defines terminally differentiated B cell-helping effector T cells in a B cell-rich lymphoid tissue. J Immunol. 179: 7448-56.</li> <li>Slyker, J.A. <i>et al.</i> (2012) CD8 T cells express randomly selected KIRs with distinct specificities compared with NK cells. Blood. 120: 3455-65.</li> <li>Slyker, J.A. <i>et al.</i> (</li></ol>
Storage	This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product is photosensitive and should be protected from light.		
Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch		
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: 10041: <u>https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/MSDS/10041.pdf</u>		
Regulatory	For research purposes only		

## Related Products

### **Recommended Negative Controls**

MOUSE IgM NEGATIVE CONTROL: FITC (MCA692F)

## **Recommended Useful Reagents**

HUMAN SEROBLOCK (BUF070A) HUMAN SEROBLOCK (BUF070B)

North & South	Tel: +1 800 265 7376 Worldw	vide	Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700	Europe	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21
America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751		Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739		Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-rad.com		Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad	.com	Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M384931:210513'

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