

Datasheet: MCA1219

Description:	MOUSE ANTI PIG SWC8
Specificity:	SWC8
Format:	S/N
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	MIL3
lsotype:	IgM
Quantity:	2 ml

Product Details

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further							
	information. For general	information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-</u> rad-antibodies.com/protocols.						
	rad-antibodies.com/proto							
		Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution			
	Flow Cytometry	-			Neat			
	Immunohistology - Frozen							
	Immunohistology - Paraffin							
	ELISA			•				
	Immunoprecipitation							
	Western Blotting			•				
	Where this product has r	not been t	ested for	use in a particular tech	nique this does not			
	necessarily exclude its u	se in sucł	n procedu	res. Suggested workin	g dilutions are given as			
	a guide only. It is recomm	nended th	nat the use	er titrates the product f	or use in their own			
	system using appropriate			•				
Target Species	Pig							
Product Form	Tissue Culture Supernate	ant - liquio	d					
Preparation	Tissue culture supernata	nt contair	ning 0.2M	Tris/HCl pH7.4 and 5-	10% foetal calf serum			
Preservative Stabilisers	0.09% sodium azide (Na	N ₃)						
Immunogen	Porcine Lamina Propria I	_eucocyte	es.					
RRID	AB_322076							
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immun	ised BAL	B/c mice v	were fused with cells o	f the P3-X63-Ag.653			

myeloma cell line.

Specificity	Mouse anti Pig SWC8, clone MIL3 , recognizes the porcine SWC8 cell surface antigen, an antigen that as yet has no identified human homolog. SWC8 is expressed by granulocytes, B cells, a subset of T cells and by some non-haematopoietic cells. Monocytes however do not express SWC8.		
	Clone MIL3 has been used in two colour flow cytometry with Mouse anti Porcine CD14 antibody, clone MIL2 (<u>MCA1218GA</u>) to distinguish between monocytes and granulocytes (<u>Haverson <i>et al.</i> 1994</u>).		
Flow Cytometry	Use 10µl of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in $100µ$ l		
References	 Haverson, K. <i>et al.</i> (1994) Characterization of monoclonal antibodies specific for monocytes, macrophages and granulocytes from porcine peripheral blood and mucosal tissues. J Immunol Methods. 170 (2): 233-45. Summerfield, A. <i>et al.</i> (2001) Induction of apoptosis in bone marrow neutrophil-lineage cells by classical swine fever virus. J Gen Virol. 82 (Pt 6): 1309-18. Chen, L. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Macrophages and MHC class II positive dendritiform cells in the iris and choroid of the pig. Curr Eye Res. 26: 291-6. Summerfield, A. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Porcine peripheral blood dendritic cells and natural interferon-producing cells. Immunology. 110: 440-9. Barnard, A.L. <i>et al.</i> (2005) Immune response characteristics following emergency vaccination of pigs against foot-and-mouth disease. Vaccine. 23: 1037-47. Zelnickova, P. <i>et al.</i> (2008) Age-dependent changes of proinflammatory cytokine production by porcine peripheral blood phagocytes. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 124: 367-78. Ondrackova, P. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Porcine mononuclear phagocyte subpopulations in the lung, blood and bone marrow: dynamics during inflammation induced by <i>Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae</i>. Vet Res. 41: 64. LeLuduec, J.B. <i>et al.</i> (2016) Intradermal vaccination with un-adjuvanted sub-unit vaccines triggers skin innate immunity and confers protective respiratory immunity in domestic swine. Vaccine. 34 (7): 914-22. Teuben, M.P.J. <i>et al.</i> (2021) Standardized porcine unilateral femoral nailing is associated with changes in PMN activation status, rather than aberrant systemic PMN prevalence. Eur J Trauma Emerg Surg. Jun 10 [Epub ahead of print]. 		
Further Reading	1. Piriou-Guzylack, L. (2008) Membrane markers of the immune cells in swine: an update. <u>Vet Res. 39: 54.</u>		
Storage	This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.		
	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.		
Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch		

Health And Safety	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10053 available at:
Information	https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/MCA1219 10053
	10055

Regulatory

For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgM (STAR138...)Alk. Phos.Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...)Alk. Phos., HRP

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgM NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA692)

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America	Fax: +1 919 878 3751		Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739		Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50
	Email: antibody_sales_us@bio-ra	ad.com	Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-	rad.com	Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M418590:230427'

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