

## Datasheet: LNK031APC BATCH NUMBER 160526

Description: Name:			DY CON.	JUGATION KIT		
Name:	APC CONJU					
	ame: APC CONJUGATION KIT					
Format:	Kit					
Product Type:	Conjugation	Conjugation Kit				
Quantity:	1 CONJUGATION for 100µg antibody			/		
Product Details						
Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <a href="http://www.bio-&lt;br&gt;rad-antibodies.com/protocols">www.bio-</a> 					
	protein. Activation of proprietary reagents within the antibody-label solution results in directional covalent bonding of APC to the antibody. The LYNX Rapid Conjugation kit® can be used to label small quantities of antibody/protein at near neutral pH, allowing a high conjugation efficiency with 100%					
	antibody recovery.					
Reagents In The Kit	1 Vial of 100ug LYNX lyophilized APC mix 1 Vial LYNX Modifier reagent 1 Vial LYNX Quencher reagent					
Preparing The Antibody	The following buffer solutions are recommended for preparing the antibody:					
	10-50mM amine-free buffer (e.g HEPES, MES, MOPS and phosphate) pH range 6.5-8.5, although moderate concentrations of Tris buffer (<20mM) may be tolerated.					

chemicals. Azide (0.02-0.1%), EDTA, up to 50% Glycerol and common non-buffering salts and sugars have little or no effect on conjugation efficiency. For optimal results the antibody should be at a concentration of 1mg/ml, with a maximum volume of 100ul and a maximum antibody amount of 100ug. Antibody at a concentration of greater than 1mg/ml requires dilution. Antibody below 1mg/ml can still be used as long as the maximum volume is not exceeded. Using less than the recommended amount of antibody may result in unbound label, but this will be removed during subsequent application wash steps. Antibody below 0.5mg/ml should be concentrated before use with the kit. Instructions For Use 1. To the antibody sample add 1ul of the Modifier reagent for every 10ul of antibody and mix gently. 2. Pipette the mixed antibody-modifier sample directly onto the LYNX lyophilized mix and gently pipette up and down twice to resuspend. 3. Replace cap onto vial and incubate in the dark at room temperature (20-25°C) for 3 hours, or overnight if preferred. 4. After incubation, add 1ul of Quencher reagent for every 10ul of antibody used. Leave to stand for 30 minutes before use. References 1. Wang, Y. et al. (2010) Local host response to chlamydial urethral infection in male guinea pigs. Infect Immun.78: 1670-81. 2. Lacy, H.M. et al. (2011) Essential Role for Neutrophils in Pathogenesis and Adaptive Immunity in Chlamydia caviae Ocular Infections. Infect Immun. 79: 1889-97 3. Paget, C. et al. (2012) Interleukin-22 is produced by invariant natural killer T lymphocytes during influenza A virus infection: potential role in protection against lung epithelial damage. J Biol Chem. 287: 8816-29. 4. Seliger, C. et al. (2011) A rapid high-precision flow cytometry based technique for total white blood cell counting in chickens. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 145: 86-99. 5. Fu, Y. et al. (2014) Development of a FACS-based assay for evaluating antiviral potency of compound in dengue infected peripheral blood mononuclear cells. J Virol Methods. 196: 18-24. 6. TraxImayr, M.W. et al. (2014) Construction of pH-sensitive Her2-binding IgG1-Fc by directed evolution. Biotechnol J. 9: 1013-22. 7. Wielgosz, M.M. et al. (2015) Generation of a lentiviral vector producer cell clone for human Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome gene therapy. Mol Ther Methods Clin Dev. 2: 14063. 8. Hofer, C.C. et al. (2015) Infection of mice with influenza A/WSN/33 (H1N1) virus alters alveolar type II cell phenotype. Am J Physiol Lung Cell Mol Physiol. 308 (7): L628-38. 9. Poh, C.M. et al. (2014) Damage to the blood-brain barrier during experimental cerebral malaria results from synergistic effects of CD8+ T cells with different specificities. Infect Immun. 82: 4854-64. 10. Hasenhindl, C. et al. (2014) Creating stable stem regions for loop elongation in Fcabs - insights from combining yeast surface display, in silico loop reconstruction and molecular

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	purchasing licenses for diagnostic and other uses may be obtained by contacting Bio-Ra					
	data made using this product, or its components to a third party. Further information on					
	use the product to make conjugates for research and development purposes only. The purchaser cannot sell or otherwise transfer this product, or its components, or materials					
	right (without the right to resell repackage or further sublicense) under these patents to					
	purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the limited, non exclusive non-transferable					
	Kingdom patent number 2446088 and associated international patent applications. The					
Licensed Use	These products and the methodology of conjugation are patent protected under United					
	Quencher Reagent (10548)					
	Lyophilized APC Mix (10532) Modifier Reagent (10546)					
Information	https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/LNK031APC					
Health And Saf						
Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch					
	reach room temperature to minimize condensation.					
	undiluted. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Before opening, allow the components t					
	Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended. This product should be stored					
	receipt, Bio-Rad recommend that the kit is stored at -20°C and protected from moisture.					
Storage	This kit contains lyophilized hygroscopic components that are moisture-sensitive. This ki is shipped under ambient conditions with silica packets to avoid exposure to moisture. O					
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	and humoral immunity in pigs. <u>Virol J. 20 (1): 181.</u>					
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	<ol> <li>Jax, E. <i>et al.</i> (2023) Evaluating Effects of AIV Infection Status on Ducks Using a Flow Cytometry-Based Differential Blood Count. <u>Microbiol Spectr. 11 (4): e0435122.</u></li> </ol>					
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	improves schwann cell adhesion and proliferation. <u>J Mater Sci Mater Med. 27 (12): 188.</u>					
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	dynamics simulations. Biochim Biophys Acta.1844: 1530-40.					

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