

Datasheet: APO010B BATCH NUMBER 166039

Description:	AUTOPHAGY ASSAY, RED DETECTION KIT
Name:	AUTOPHAGY ASSAY KIT, RED
Format:	Kit
Product Type:	Kits
Quantity:	200 TESTS

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry	•			Refer to Instructions For
				Use

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures.

Max Ex/Em	Fluorophore	Excitation Max (nm)	Emission Max (nm)
	Red Probe	590	620

Product Information

Autophagy Assay, Red Detection Kit allows for the detection and monitoring of in vitro development of autophagy in living cells.

Autophagy is a conserved lysosomal recycling process by which cells break down their own components such as proteins, lipids and carbohydrates. Autophagy plays a critical role in maintaining homeostasis by preventing the accumulation of damaged organelles by disassembling unnecessary or dysfunctional cells and cellular components (Mizushima et al 2011). Autophagy occurs at low levels in the cell under normal conditions and can be rapidly upregulated during times of starvation or stress. Such degradation activities serve to provide nutrients (amino acids, nucleotides, fatty acids, etc.) and energy during periods of elevated bioenergetic demands (Mizushima et al 2011, Levine et al 2008). Another function of autophagy is to assist with the detection and destruction of intracellular pathogens (viruses, bacteria and parasites) (Levine et al 2011). Dysregulation of autophagy has been associated with many disease states including cancer, infection and degenerative diseases (Levine et al 2008). Autophagy is a dynamic process typically divided into three stages. During stage one, cytoplasmic components targeted for degradation are sequestered within a double-membrane phagopore (also called the isolation membrane). This results in the formation of a double-membrane vesicle called

	the autophagosome. During stage two, the autophagosome further form the autolysosome. Degradation of the autophagosomal countries (Mizushima et al 2011, Hundeshagen et al 2011).	•
Test Principle	Autophagy Probe, Red is a cell-permeant aliphatic molecule the inserted in the lipid membranes of autophagosomes and autoly Probe, Red can be readily detected by flow cytometry with optiand peak emission at 620 nm (ZE5 Cell Analyzer settings, 564 640/20 filter).	ysosomes. Autophagy imal excitation at 590 nm
Reagents In The Kit	Autophagy Probe, Red, 4 vials - lyophilized Fixative, 6 ml	
Instructions For Use	Instructions for use can be found at www.bio-rad-antibodies.cc	om/uploads/IFU/APO010.pdf
Storage	MULTIPLE STORAGE CONDITIONS APPLY ON ARRIVAL. Steach unopened component) according to the storage instructionabel. Store the Autophagy Probe, Red at -20°C. Once reconstituted Probe, Red stock should be stored at -20°C for 6 months, protrepeated freezing and thawing.	ons on each component in DMSO, the Autophagy
Guarantee	Guaranteed until date of expiry. Please see product label.	
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #20402 #10498 avantus https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/APO010B Autophagy Probe, Red (20402) Fixative (10498)	ilable at:
Regulatory	For research purposes only	

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To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M360112:191030'

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