

Datasheet: APO010A BATCH NUMBER 166376

Description:	AUTOPHAGY ASSAY, RED DETECTION KIT
Name:	AUTOPHAGY ASSAY KIT, RED
Format:	Kit
Product Type:	Kits
Quantity:	50 TESTS

Product Details

Applications	This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit <u>www.bio-</u> rad-antibodies.com/protocols.					
		Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution	
	Flow Cytometry	-			Refer to Instructions For Use	
Max Ex/Em	necessarily exclude its		•	res. Emission Max (nm)		
	Red Probe	590		620		
Product Information	Autophagy Assay, Red Detection Kit allows for the detection and monitoring of in vitro development of autophagy in living cells.					
	Autophagy is a conserved lysosomal recycling process by which cells break down their own components such as proteins, lipids and carbohydrates. Autophagy plays a critical role in maintaining homeostasis by preventing the accumulation of damaged organelles by disassembling unnecessary or dysfunctional cells and cellular components (<u>Mizushima et</u>					

al 2011). Autophagy occurs at low levels in the cell under normal conditions and can be rapidly upregulated during times of starvation or stress. Such degradation activities serve to provide nutrients (amino acids, nucleotides, fatty acids, etc.) and energy during periods of elevated bioenergetic demands (Mizushima et al 2011, Levine et al 2008). Another function of autophagy is to assist with the detection and destruction of intracellular pathogens (viruses, bacteria and parasites) (Levine et al 2011). Dysregulation of autophagy has been associated with many disease states including cancer, infection and degenerative diseases (Levine et al 2008). Autophagy is a dynamic process typically divided into three stages. During stage one, cytoplasmic components targeted for degradation are sequestered within a double-membrane phagopore (also called the isolation membrane). This results in the formation of a double-membrane vesicle called

	the autophagosome. During stage two, the autophagosome f form the autolysosome. Degradation of the autophagosomal three (<u>Mizushima et al 2011</u> , <u>Hundeshagen et al 2011</u>).	•				
Test Principle	Autophagy Probe, Red is a cell-permeant aliphatic molecule that fluoresces brightly when inserted in the lipid membranes of autophagosomes and autolysosomes. Autophagy Probe, Red can be readily detected by flow cytometry with optimal excitation at 590 nm and peak emission at 620 nm (ZE5 Cell Analyzer settings, 561 nm laser and 615/24 or 640/20 filter).					
Reagents In The Kit	Autophagy Probe, Red, 1 vial - lyophilized Fixative, 6 ml					
Instructions For Use	Instructions for use can be found at <u>www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/uploads/IFU/APO010.pdf</u>					
Storage	MULTIPLE STORAGE CONDITIONS APPLY ON ARRIVAL. each unopened component) according to the storage instruct label. Store the Autophagy Probe, Red at -20°C. Once reconstitute Probe, Red stock should be stored at -20°C for 6 months, pro- repeated freezing and thawing.	tions on each component				
Guarantee	Guaranteed until date of expiry. Please see product label.					
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #20402 #10498 av https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/APO010A Autophagy Probe, Red (20402) Fixative (10498)	ailable at:				
Regulatory	For research purposes only					
	3 3751 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739 _sales_us@bio-rad.com Email: antibody_sales_uk@bio-rad.com	Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50 Email: antibody_sales_de@bio-rad.com				
to find a batch/lot speci	fic datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bi 'M360113:191030'	o-rau-antipoures.com/datasneets				

Printed on 26 Jun 2024

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