

## Datasheet: AAI41B

**BATCH NUMBER 145979**

<b>Description:</b>	GOAT ANTI PIG IgG (Fc):Biotin
<b>Specificity:</b>	IgG (Fc)
<b>Format:</b>	Biotin
<b>Product Type:</b>	Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Isotype:</b>	Polyclonal IgG
<b>Quantity:</b>	1 mg

### Product Details

#### Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit [www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols](http://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/protocols).

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Flow Cytometry			▪	
Immunohistology - Frozen			▪	
Immunohistology - Paraffin			▪	
ELISA	▪			1:10000 - 1:100000
Western Blotting	▪			1:10000 - 1:100000

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

#### Target Species

Pig

#### Product Form

Purified IgG fraction conjugated to Biotin - liquid

#### Antiserum Preparation

Antisera to porcine IgG were raised by repeated immunisation of goat with highly purified antigen. Purified IgG was prepared by affinity chromatography.

#### Buffer Solution

Phosphate buffered saline

#### Preservative

0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN<sub>3</sub>)

#### Stabilisers

0.2% Bovine Serum Albumin

#### Approx. Protein Concentrations

IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml

<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified porcine IgG.
<b>RRID</b>	AB_10673135
<b>Specificity</b>	<p><b>Goat anti Pig IgG (Fc) antibody</b> recognizes the Fc region of the porcine IgG heavy chains and shows no cross - reactivity with other porcine immunoglobulin classes as evaluated by immunoelectrophoresis. Goat anti Pig IgG (Fc) has not been species cross adsorbed and may react with the Fc region of IgG from other species.</p> <p>Goat anti Pig IgG (Fc) antibody has been used extensively as a detection reagent for porcine IgG in ELISA, for example monitoring of the IgG response in influenza infected pigs (<a href="#">Crisci et al. 2013</a>).</p>
<b>References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Assana, E. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Antibody responses to the host-protective <i>Taenia solium</i> oncosphere protein TSOL18 in pigs are directed against conformational epitopes. <a href="#">Parasite Immunol. 32: 399-405.</a></li> <li>2. Kick, A.R. <i>et al.</i> (2011) Evaluation of peripheral lymphocytes after weaning and vaccination for <i>Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae</i>. <a href="#">Res Vet Sci. 91 (3): e68-72.</a></li> <li>3. Pyo, H. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Serodiagnosis of porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus infection with the use of glycoprotein 5 antigens. <a href="#">Can J Vet Res. 74: 223-7.</a></li> <li>4. Busquets, N. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Experimental infection with H1N1 European swine influenza virus protects pigs from an infection with the 2009 pandemic H1N1 human influenza virus. <a href="#">Vet Res. 41: 74.</a></li> <li>5. Kang, M.L. <i>et al.</i> (2008) Chitosan microspheres containing <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> antigens as novel vaccine against atrophic rhinitis in pigs. <a href="#">J Microbiol Biotechnol. 18: 1179-85.</a></li> <li>6. Kim, T.<i>et al.</i> (2009) <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> aroA mutant as a live vaccine vehicle for heterologous porcine circovirus type 2 major capsid protein expression. <a href="#">Vet Microbiol. 138: 318-24.</a></li> <li>7. Picherot, M. <i>et al.</i> (2007) Swine infection with <i>Trichinella spiralis</i>: Comparative analysis of the mucosal intestinal and systemic immune responses. <a href="#">Vet Parasitol. 143: 122-30.</a></li> <li>8. Tsai, Y.C. <i>et al.</i> (2010) Porcine circovirus type 2 (PCV2) induces cell proliferation, fusion, and chemokine expression in swine monocytic cells <i>in vitro</i>. <a href="#">Vet Res. 41: 60.</a></li> <li>9. Scharek, L. <i>et al.</i> (2005) Influence of a probiotic <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> strain on development of the immune system of sows and piglets. <a href="#">Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 105: 151-61.</a></li> <li>10. Scharek, L. <i>et al.</i> (2007) Impact of the probiotic bacteria <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> NCIMB 10415 (SF68) and <i>Bacillus cereus</i> var. <i>toyoi</i> NCIMB 40112 on the development of serum IgG and faecal IgA of sows and their piglets. <a href="#">Arch Anim Nutr. 61: 223-34.</a></li> <li>11. Sheoran, A. <i>et al.</i> (2012) Infection With <i>Cryptosporidium hominis</i> Provides Incomplete Protection of the Host Against <i>Cryptosporidium parvum</i>. <a href="#">J Infect Dis 205: 1019-23.</a></li> <li>12. Pina-Pedrero, S. <i>et al.</i> (2012) Genomic and antigenic characterization of monomeric autotransporters of <i>Haemophilus parasuis</i>: an ongoing process of reductive evolution. <a href="#">Microbiology. 158: 436-47.</a></li> <li>13. Fleury, A. <i>et al.</i> (2015) <i>Taenia solium</i>: Development of an Experimental Model of Porcine Neurocysticercosis. <a href="#">PLoS Negl Trop Dis. 9 (8): e0003980.</a></li> <li>14. Zhang, Y. <i>et al.</i> (2016) Generation of <i>E. coli</i>-derived virus-like particles of porcine circovirus type 2 and their use in an indirect IgG enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay.</li> </ol>

[Arch Virol. 161 \(6\): 1485-91.](#)

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<b>Storage</b>	Store at +4°C. DO NOT FREEZE. This product should be stored undiluted.
<b>Guarantee</b>	12 months from date of despatch
<b>Health And Safety Information</b>	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10041 available at: <a href="https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/AAI41B">https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/AAI41B</a> 10041
<b>Regulatory</b>	For research purposes only

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