

Datasheet: 6625-1010

Description: MOUSE ANTI RAT NESTII	
Specificity:	NESTIN
Format:	Purified
Product Type:	Monoclonal Antibody
Clone:	Rat-401 (4D4)
Isotype:	lgG1
Quantity:	0.1 mg

Product Details

Applications

This product has been reported to work in the following applications. This information is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information. For general protocol recommendations, please visit www.bio-

rad-antibodies.com/protocols.

	Yes	No	Not Determined	Suggested Dilution
Immunohistology - Frozen	-			1/40 - 1/400
Immunohistology - Paraffin	-			1/40 - 1/400
Western Blotting	-			
Immunofluorescence	-			

Where this product has not been tested for use in a particular technique this does not necessarily exclude its use in such procedures. Suggested working dilutions are given as a guide only. It is recommended that the user titrates the product for use in their own system using appropriate negative/positive controls.

Target Species	Rat
Species Cross	Reacts with: Mouse
Reactivity	Does not react with:Human
	N.B. Antibody reactivity and working conditions may vary between species. Cross reactivity is derived from testing within our laboratories, peer-reviewed publications or personal communications from the originators. Please refer to references indicated for further information.
Product Form	Purified IgG - liquid
Preparation	Purified IgG prepared by affinity chromatography on Protein A from tissue culture supernatant
Buffer Solution	TRIS buffered glycine.

Preservative Stabilisers	0.05% Sodium Azide (NaN ₃)		
Approx. Protein Concentrations	IgG concentration 1.0 mg/ml		
Immunogen	Nestin purified from embryonic rat spinal cord.		
External Database			
Links	UniProt:		
	P21263 Related reagents		
	Entrez Gene:		
	25491 Nes Related reagents		
RRID	AB_2151135		
Fusion Partners	Spleen cells from immunized Balb/c mice were fused with cells of the NS1 myeloma cell line.		
Specificity	Mouse anti Rat Nestin antibody, clone Rat-401 recognizes rat nestin, a large intermediate filament protein transiently expressed in embryonic glian cells (Hockfield and McKay 1985). It is predominately expressed in stem cells of the developing nervous system. Terminal differentiation is associated with a loss of nestin expression. Nestin expression has also been noted in other embryonic tissues, also in most Glioblastoma multiformes and many melanomas.		
Immunohistology	We recommend perfusing tissues with 4% paraformaldehyde at pH 7.4 for light microscopy or with either 4% paraformaldehyde at pH 10.0 or 4% paraformaldehyde with 0.1% glutaraldehyde at pH 7.4 for EM. For Immunocytochemistry we recommend using cells fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde buffered with 50 mM sodium borate at pH 9.5.		
Western Blotting	Mouse anti Rat Nestin antibody, clone Rat-401 reacts with a band at 200-220 kDa in reducing gels of newborn rat or mouse cell extracts. For western blotting it is recommended that samples should be boiled in 4 volumes of 125 mM Tris, pH 6.8, 10% 2-mercaptoethanol, 10% glycerol and 4.6% SDS. Membranes should be blocked with milk or BSA. 5% PAGE gels are suggested.		
References	 Aleksandrova, M.A. <i>et al.</i> (2001) Transplantation of Cultured Human Neural Progenitor Cells into Rat Brain: Migration and Differentiation <u>Bull Exp Biol Med. 132: 1000-3.</u> Poltavtseva, R.A. <i>et al.</i> (2001) <i>In vitro</i> development of neural progenitor cells from human embryos. <u>Bull Exp Biol Med. 132: 861-3.</u> Bertelli, E. <i>et al.</i> (2002) Nestin expression in rat adrenal gland. <u>Histochem Cell Biol. 117: 371-7.</u> Zhang, H. <i>et al.</i> (2003) VEGF is a chemoattractant for FGF-2-stimulated neural progenitors. J Cell Biol. 103: 4375-84. 		

progenitors. J Cell Biol. 163: 1375-84.

neurogenic potential. Mol Cell Biol. 25: 5183-95.

Page 2 of 4

5. Mori, T. *et al.* (2005) Combination of hTERT and bmi-1, E6, or E7 induces prolongation of the life span of bone marrow stromal cells from an elderly donor without affecting their

- 6. Choi, J.S. *et al.* (2007) Upregulation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptors Flt-1 and Flk-1 following acute spinal cord contusion in rats. <u>J Histochem Cytochem. 55:</u> 821-30.
- 7. Choi, J.S. *et al.* (2009) Enhanced expression of SOCS-2 in the rat hippocampus after transient forebrain ischemia. <u>J Neurotrauma</u>. 26: 2097-106.
- 8. Choi, J.S. *et al.* (2009) Transient expression of Bis protein in midline radial glia in developing rat brainstem and spinal cord. <u>Cell Tissue Res. 337: 27-36.</u>
- 9. Barreira, A.L. *et al.* (2009) Bone marrow mononuclear cells attenuate interstitial fibrosis and stimulate the repair of tubular epithelial cells after unilateral ureteral obstruction. <u>Cell Physiol Biochem.</u> 24: 585-94.
- 10. Choi, J.S. *et al.* (2010) Expression of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-3 mRNA in the rat developing forebrain and retina. J Comp Neurol. 518: 1064-81.
- 11. Shin, Y.J. *et al.* (2010) Enhanced expression of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-3 in the subventricular zone of stroke-lesioned rats. Neurosci Lett. 469: 194-8.
- 12. Arnold, T.D. *et al.* (2012) Defective Retinal Vascular Endothelial Cell Development As a Consequence of Impaired Integrin αVβ8-Mediated Activation of Transforming Growth Factor-β. J Neurosci. 32: 1197-206.
- 13. Shin, Y.J. *et al.* (2013) Induction of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-3 expression in perivascular cells of the ischemic core following focal cerebral ischemia in rats. Acta Histochem. 115 (2): 170-7.
- 14. Araujo, R.M. *et al.* (2016) Mesenchymal stem cells promote augmented response of endogenous neural stem cells in spinal cord injury of rats <u>Semina: Ciências Agrárias. 37</u> (3): 1355.
- 15. Shin, Y.J. *et al.* (2016) Increased expression of suppressor of cytokine signaling 2 in the subventricular zone after transient focal cerebral ischemia in adult rats. <u>Brain Res.</u> 1648 (Pt A): 163-71.

Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. It is recommended to aliquot and store at -20°C on receipt. When thawed, aliquot the sample as needed. Keep aliquots at 2-8°C for short term use (up to 4 weeks) and store the remaining aliquots at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this may denature the antibody. Storage in frost-free freezers is not recommended.

Guarantee	12 months from date of despatch
Health And Safety Information	Material Safety Datasheet documentation #10072 available at: https://www.bio-rad-antibodies.com/SDS/6625-1010 10072
Regulatory	For research purposes only

Related Products

Recommended Secondary Antibodies

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR77...) HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR12...) RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR70...) FITC

Goat Anti Mouse IgG IgA IgM (STAR87...) Alk. Phos., HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (STAR76...) RPE

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (H/L) (STAR117...) Alk. Phos., DyLight®488, DyLight®550,

DyLight®650, DyLight®680, DyLight®800,

FITC, HRP

Goat Anti Mouse IgG (Fc) (STAR120...) FITC, HRP

Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR13...) HRP
Rabbit Anti Mouse IgG (STAR9...) FITC

Recommended Negative Controls

MOUSE IgG1 NEGATIVE CONTROL (MCA1209)

 North & South
 Tel: +1 800 265 7376
 Worldwide
 Tel: +44 (0)1865 852 700
 Europe
 Tel: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 21

 America
 Fax: +1 919 878 3751
 Fax: +44 (0)1865 852 739
 Fax: +49 (0) 89 8090 95 50

To find a batch/lot specific datasheet for this product, please use our online search tool at: bio-rad-antibodies.com/datasheets 'M381560:210512'

Printed on 18 Jan 2024

© 2024 Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc | Legal | Imprint